The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,290—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1878.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

THE Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 46	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 68
Half-yearly	29	Half-yearly	
Quarterly	16	Quarterly	
Monthly	6	Monthly	

Those Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy ..... As. 4.

Price for back numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 6 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	2 8
Third do.	3 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	0 14 As.

A line, but not advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ ,, ,,
Third and succeeding	2½ ,, ,,

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of those classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line	,, 0-8 As.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

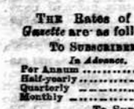
All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 13 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the PUNJAUB, 1,080 Tons, 200 H.P., Commander J. R. Gavin, on SATURDAY, the 17th August 1878, at 5 p.m., for the above ports, calling at Carwar, Narrakal, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, and at any other place where inducement offers.

Weather permitting the vessel will also call at Ratnagherry Vingorla, Goa, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut Tuticorin, and Cochin.

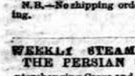
Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie Nationale Maritime de la France which run regularly.

N.B.—No shipping orders will be granted on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, VIA KURRACHEE,

interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

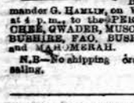


THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch the MUNZUR, 1,600 Tons, 175 H.P., Commander G. Hamlin, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st August 1878, at 4 p.m., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, GWADUR, MUSCAT, JASK, BUNDER-I-BAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSHEH, and occasionally BAHREIN, and MAHOMERAH.

N.B.—No shipping orders will be granted on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch Steamers to Kurrachee every WEDNESDAY at 4 p.m., and every SATURDAY at 2 p.m.

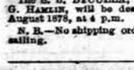
The S. S. AKOLA, 873 Tons, 150 H.P., Commander J. Russell, for this Port, the 17th August 1878, at 2 p.m.

The S. S. BYCULLA, 1,460 Tons, 132 H. P., Commander G. Hamlin, will be despatched on Wednesday, the 21st August 1878, at 4 p.m.

N. B.—No shipping orders will be granted on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR, COMORO, MAYOTTE, NOSI-BEH, MAJUNGA, AND MOZAMBIQUE.



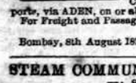
THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED, will despatch the S. S. PUNJAUB, 1,080 Tons, 200 H.P., Commander J. Melville, to the above ports, via ADEN, on or about the 24th August 1878.

For Freight and Passage apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 8th August 1878.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.



ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. Rubattino & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 14th, or on the 28th, of each month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Intermediate Ports
Suez	300	220	80	
Port Said	280	240	90	
Messina	560	360	140	
Naples	560	360	140	
Leghorn	560	360	140	
Genoa	560	360	140	
Marseilles	560	360	145	

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 9 years, half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

AUSTRALIA, to sail on SUNDAY, 1st September 1878.

INDIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st October 1878.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a.m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

O. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, July, 1878.

HALL LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

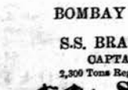
S.S. BRANKSOME HALL,
CAPTAIN R. COLLIN,
2,309 Tons Register, 300 H. P. nominal,

SHE will sail about the 24th instant. For passage, &c. apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, August 10th 1878.

PASSAGE TO LIVERPOOL.



THE S. S. CONSETT, sailing a few days hence for LIVERPOOL, has limited accommodation for passengers. Apply to Captain Clarke, on board, or at his Dubashes, CURSETJEE and EDULJEE, for terms of passage.

JAMES MADDEN & CO.'S (LATE WHEATLEY, MADDEN & CO.'S) BOMBAY PASSENGER AGENCY.

NOTICE—Passages secured without charge, and every assistance rendered to Passengers leaving Bombay.

J. M. & Co.'s "Steamer Announcements" posted free to any part of India.

Full information regarding Passage Rates, &c., will be forwarded on application. Money exchanged. Drafts granted on England. Heavy Baggage intended for shipment should be in Bombay two clear days before the Steamer sails. All packages must be addressed JAMES MADDEN & Co. Bombay.

Established 1827.

BADAMS BROTHERS' COLOR WORKS, Birmingham, England,

MANUFACTURERS OF EMERALD AND PARIS GREENS CHINESE AND PERSIAN BLUES, SOLUBLE CHINESE BLUE, PURE CHROMES, SOFT IMITATION VERMILLION, EMERALD TINTS, AND BRUNSWICK GREENS.

The above put up in ¼ or 1 lb. or any sized Packets, also in Cases and Can s.

PERMANENT COPPER GREEN PAINT, WHITE LEAD AND ZINC,

and all other PAINTS, in Tins and Iron Kegs, and well Packed for Export.

Orders with references promptly executed, free on board, London or Liverpool.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1878.
TRAVANCORE	1903	350	W. Barratt	16th Aug.
(s) BOKHARA	2392	450	W. D. Anderson	23rd do.
— BANGALORE	2342	450	E. G. Stead	30th do.
(s) NEPAUL	3536	600	J. S. Murray	6th Sept.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceeds direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 22nd July 1878.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
HINDOSTAN	3186	600	N. W. Hazelwood	19th August.
VENETIA	2735	450	W. B. Andrews	2nd September.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 22nd July 1878.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
ASSAM	3033	500	N. Stewart	16th August.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 22nd July 1878.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL,
TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

FIRE RESERVE FUND ... £261,444.

Fire Premiums after deducting Re-insurances.	In 1870	...	£139,308
	,, 1873	...	£295,149
	,, 1877	...	£450,883

POLICIES issued and CLAIMS promptly paid without reference to Head Office, by

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co. have the following FIRST CLASS BRANDIES and WINES FOR SALE:—

BRANDIES.

CUSENIER'S FINE BRANDY	Rs. 24	per doz. Quarts.
L. BECHADE Do.	,, 18	per do.

WINES.

CARTE BLANCHE CHAMPAGNE	Rs. 30	per doz.	Quarts.
AMONTILADO SHERRY	,, 25	per do.	
HAUT BARSAC (White Wine)	,, 15	per do.	
CHABLIS	,, 16	per do.	
Do. Do.	,, 18	per 2 doz.	Pints
CHATEAU BELAIR (Fine Claret)	,, 18	per do.	
LORMONT Do.	,, 14	per do.	
HAUT MARGEAUX (a few cases)	,, 11	per do.	
ST. JULIEN (Gustafaye's)	,, 10	per do.	
MEDOC (Breakfast Burgundy)	,, 8	per doz.	Quarts.

SALES BY AUCTION.

S. SHRICRISTNAJEE AND COMPANY.

14, Forbes Street, Bombay.

BONA FIDE SALE, STRICTLY FREE FROM RESERVE.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and Handsome Household Furniture, rich cut Glassware, Best Electro Plated Porcelainware, Piano specially made for this climate, a strong Australian Horse at Tardeo, opposite to Cowasjee Danse's Mills.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 17th inst., Messrs. SHRICRISTNAJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, sale commencing at 1 p.m., at his residence above mentioned, the valuable and handsome furniture, carriage, and horses, &c., &c., the property of W. L. L. McKenzie, Esq., leaving Bombay, the same comprises rich star cut glassware, superior porcelain, white and blue full dinner and tea and blue band dinner services and transparent China white, pink, and gold dessert and breakfast services and electro-plated lilly pattern spoons and forks, hot water covers and dishes, handsome cabinets, enamelled ice pitcher, cruet, pickle, and egg frames, waiters, bread basket, ivory handle dessert and tea knives and forks, tea and coffee cups, table cutlery, plated cutlery, and handsomely carved and French polished blackwood furniture, such as a set of well seasoned blackwood dining table in four pieces for ten persons, drawing room, pier, camp, sofa, side, washhand and dressing tables, sofa couches, drawing room, easy, low and Madras pattern arm and without arm chairs, side-board, tea-poys, whatnot, chiffoniers, toilet stands, lady's writing table, green painted iron four posts bedsteads, clothes presses, almirra, chest of drawers, dressing glasses, screens, towel horses, bath, dispense, and cook-room furniture and utensils, &c., &c.

At 2 p.m.

1 Australian Black Horse.
1 White Horse.
1 Pair Grey Arab Horses.
1 Mail Phaeton.
1 Phaeton.

Catalogues are ready and the property is now on view.

S. SHRICRISTNAJEE & Co.

Bombay, 16th August 1878.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTONE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY IN CHURNEYWADY.

On SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTONE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of mortgagee, Nana Moroba, Esq., by virtue of power contained in [illegible]re of mortgage, dated 15th July 1870, and duly [illegible]ce Bottliwalla and others, the following:—

All that piece or parcel of Fo[illegible]dar land or ground, with the hereditaments and premises, containing a dwelling house, situated in Churneywaddy, commonly called Dookerwaddy, without the Fort, in the sub-district of Bhoolleshwur, formerly occupied and now occupied by his tenants, and the same is bounded on the east by the property of the late Hon'ble Jugonath Sunkersett, on the west by the property of Shamrao Pandoorung, Esq., on the north by the property of Venaekrao Jugroonath Sunkorsett, Esq., and on the south by the public street, called Dukerwadie Lane, and the same is assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No.—and containing by admeasurement about 92 24-27 square yards.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 16th August 1878.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,

No. 4, FORBES STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 17th inst., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sale by the Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods, &c.

At 2 p.m.

A pair of well matched [illegible] Arab horses.
A fine grey Brougham horse.
The property of a gentleman, proceeding to England, a bay poney 13-2, sound, strong, and fast.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 16th August 1878.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

5 bales grey shirtings.
5 cases prints.
5 bales dhotees.
1 case bohemian glass toilet-sets.
3 ,, glass plates and goblets.
1 ,, mahogany dressing glasses.
1 ,, concertinas.

On account of the concerned—.

1 Case damaged fillets.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 16th August 1878.

SORABJEE COWASJEE AND COMPANY.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will hold their usual auction sale at their room as under:—

At 2 p.m.

1 case metal pocket matches.
12 sets each set containing 6 travelling trunks.
1 dozen lock stitch sewing machines.
2 cases hams in tin.
1 case Australian bentwood chairs, piece goods, and other articles.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 16th August 1878.

CIGARETTES.

	Cash.
COPE'S "BOUQUET" & "PEERLESS," per box of 100 .. Rs.	2 10
WILLS'S "PASSING CLOUDS," per box of 100	2 10
REAL TURKISH, made from the finest selected Tobacco, with and without mouthpieces, per box of 100	2 10
Do. do. do. per box of 50..	1 8
Do. do. do. do. 24..	0 12

TREACHER & CO, (Ld.)

LETTER BARS.

Graduated for England and Inland Postage, the most convenient instrument for determining amount of Postal Rates for Letters ever introduced.

Cash, Rs. 4.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 17.

THE ORIGINAL
BOMBAY MINSTRELS
WILL GIVE AN ENTERTAINMENT
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
COL. SEXTON AND THE OFFICERS
OF THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES,
IN AID OF THE
BAND FUND OF THE CORPS.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

INTRODUCTORY OVERTURE BY THE BAND BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Opening Chorus....."We are the boys".....Company.
Ballad and Chorus..."Mother bear me to the window".....Mr. H. S. Seymour
Serio Comic Song ..."Mose's Boschen Konpani".....Kiskey.
Ballad and Chorus..."Kiss me mother ere I die".Mr. Mayburn.
Comic Song....."Yaller gal that winked at me."
Song and Chorus ..."Angels' Whispers".....Mr. Vernon.
Song ....."Picyune Butler".....Kiskey.
Finale..."The Haunted House."

Selection by the Band Bombay Volunteer Rifles

PART II.

Clipper Darkey Gd.....Kiskey.
Nigger Eccentricity.....By the Babylonian Brothers.
Song and Dance..."Chaser do you want to buy a dog".....Sam Benson.
Banjo Song ....."Joshua".....Kiskey.
Song ....."The Bombay Volunteers",Swiveller.

Selection by the Band Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

The Entertainment to conclude with a Screaming Negro Sketch entitled,

ARTISTS WANTED
FOR THE TOWN HALL CONCERTS.

Signor Maccarond.....Sam Benson.
Sam (his Satellite).....Kiskey.
Signora Tapioca (Prima Donna).....Miss Voges.

TALENTED ARTISTS BY VARIOUS MEMBERS OF THE COMPANY.

Doors open at half past eight.

*** The Entertainment will commence at Nine o'clock sharp.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

DRESS CIRCLE	Rs. 3
STALLS	,, 2
GALLERY	,, 1

Plan of Dress Circle at SOUNDY & Co.

Tickets may be had of Messrs. D. S. KEMP & Co., and of the Honorary Secretary.

A. B. CHALMERS,
HONORARY SECRETARY.

GOLD HUNTING WATCHES

By
JAS. McCABE, ROYAL EXCHANGE,
AND
JOHN JONES, OF 338, STRAND, LONDON.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
47, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Established 1847.

AMBUT MAHAL.

IMPORTANT SALE OF SURPLUS STOCK.

ON THURSDAY, 17th October next, will be SOLD at Hunsur,

150 (more or less) Bulls and Bullocks,
150 (more or less) Heifers and Calves.

The Bullocks will be wholly or partially broken to yoke.

N. B.—No commission to purchase at the sale can be undertaken by the undersigned or by any employé of the Department.

There is a first class Travellers' Bungalow at Hunsur.

By Order of the Commissary General,
McINROY, Major,
Sub-Assistant Commissary General in charge Amrut Mahal.

Hunsur, August 1878.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the RESIDENT TRANSPORT OFFICER, Bombay Dockyard, up to 1 o'clock p.m., on MONDAY, the 26th instant, for the SUPPLY for one year at this Port, by Contract, of BEEF, BULLOCKS, VEGETABLES, and BREAD for the rations of the Crews and the Troops embarked in H. M.'s INDIAN TROOP-SHIPS, specified in a Schedule which can be seen at this office.

The quantities stated in the Schedule show the *estimated* consumption for one Trooping Season on board the five Indian Troop-ships.

In tendering the price of bullocks and sheep, the weight of the animals should be specified.

Each tender before being opened must be accompanied by the requisite deposit of cash.

Tenders, forms of which can be obtained at this office on payment of Re. 1 for each copy, to be superscribed "Tender for the supply of Articles for the rations of the Crews and the Troops embarked in H. M.'s Indian Troop-ships."

G. O'B. CAREW,
Officiating Resident Transport Officer.

I. G. Dockyard, Bombay, Transport Office, Aug. 15, 1878.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the RESIDENT TRANSPORT OFFICER, Bombay Dockyard, up to 1 o'clock p.m., on MONDAY, the 26th instant, for the SUPPLY for one year at this Port, by Contract, of the ARTICLES FOR USE IN THE OFFICERS' MESS OF H. M.'S INDIAN TROOP-SHIPS, specified in a Schedule, which can be seen at this office.

The quantities stated in the Schedule show the *estimated* consumption for one Trooping Season on board the five Indian Troop-ships.

In tendering the price of bullocks and sheep, the weight of the animals should be specified.

Tenders will not be received after the hour named.

Each Tender before being opened must be accompanied by the requisite deposit of cash.

Tenders, forms of which can be obtained at this office on payment of Re. 1 for each copy, to be superscribed "Tender for the supply of Articles for use in the General Mess of H. M.'s Indian Troop-ships."

G. O'B. CAREW,
Officiating Resident Transport Officer.

I. G. Dockyard, Bombay, Transport Office, Aug. 15, 1878.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	a.
Woodfal's Law of Landlord and Tenant, 11th Edn., 1877, half-bound Law Calf.	24	0
Swinburne's Poems, *Second Series*	5	12
Tennyson's Works, complete in 1 Vol.	3	12
Cherry Ripe, a Novel	3	12
Young Musgrave, a Novel	3	12
Murray's Round about France	4	12
Stanford's Map of Berlin Treaty	0	12
Hewett's Uterine Pathology	4	12
The Punjaub and the North-West Provinces of India	3	4
Hunter's Mechanical Dictionary	4	12
Wood's Bulb Garden	2	4
Baldwin on Shooting	13	4
Blue Books—Railway Accidents for 1877, 3 parts	12	8
Blue Books—January to March, 1878	3	8
Parke's Treatise on Hygiene	11	4
Haug's Essays on the Religion of Parsees 2nd Edn., edited by E. W. West	10	0
Forjett's Our Real Danger in India	4	12
Ainsworth's Tower of London, *Illustrated.*	3	12
The History of Drink, by J. Samuelson	6	12
Shooting and Fishing Trips, by Wildflower	5	0
A Summer in Normandy with my children, by Mrs. Ellis	2	4
Asmodeus, or the Devil on two Sticks, translated by Jules Janin, Illustrated.	2	4
Davis's Map of London and its environs on a scale of two inch to a mile	5	0
India and her neighbours, by W. P. Andrew, with Maps and Appendix	9	8
Playfair's Midwifery, 2 vols., Edn. 1878	17	8
Mallock's New Paul and Virginia	2	4
Sanderson's Wild Beasts of India	15	12
London Society Holiday Number	0	12
Belgravia Ditto	0	12
Graphic—Summer Number, Coloured Illustrations	1	0
Braithwaite's Retrospect of Medicine, vol January to June	4	4
Bradshaw's Continental Guide for July	2	4
People of Turkey; by a Consul's Daughter, 2 vols	13	4
Goodfellow's Merchants' and Shipmasters' Ready Calculator	5	0
Pascoe's Handbook of Professions	2	4
Kentish's Pyrotechnists' Treasury	3	0
London Society—vol. Jan. to June 1878.	6	8
Tilt's Uterne Therapeutics, Edn. 1878	6	4
Swain's Surgical Emergencies	4	4
Fashion and Passion, a Novel	3	12
Tidy's Handbook of Modern Chemistry, Inorganic and Organic	10	0
Stanley's Through the Dark Continent, 2 vols	26	4
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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, 15TH AUGUST, 1878.

THE BANKS having been closed for two days during the week owing to Native holidays we have, as regards most branches of business, only three days' transactions, to report upon since the departure of last mail. Everything is so dull, however, that there is very little difference between working days and holidays, and almost incessant rain has again interfered greatly with shipping operations. According to tradition the rains should now be at an end, as fine weather is supposed to commence from Cocoanut Day, which was on Monday last. So far, however, from any break in the weather having occurred hitherto, the downpour during the past two days has been as great in Bombay as at any time during the monsoon, and the accounts reaching us from some districts up-country are now becoming so serious, that unless we have a little sunshine shortly, it is feared that both the Cotton and Grain crops will be irretrievably damaged. If, on the other hand, fine weather sets in during the next few days, we may still look for abundant crops of both Cotton and food grains throughout the Presidency. In the meantime business here is almost at a standstill, as owing to the unfavourable accounts arriving from the Liverpool Cotton Market, there has been little enquiry for this article for export, and Seeds and Wheat are both so scarce that little can be done in them for the present. For imports the demand during the week has been excessively small owing partly to the holidays, but chiefly on account of the uncertainty that still prevails respecting next season's crops.

The telegrams received from Home during the week have reported great dulness in the Liverpool Cotton Market, where prices for Surats have declined 1-16 per lb. The Receipts at the American Ports are increasing, which is no doubt influencing the Liverpool Market, where, however, the stock is very small, and the visible supply for all Europe continues quite inadequate to the consumption. In Manchester the Piece Goods Market has been quiet, but steady with 7 lb. Shirtings of good quality quoted at 6s. 11½d. and 8½ lbs. at 7s. 3d. per piece and 40's Mule Good seconds at 10d. per lb. In the London Produce Markets Coffee is firm at a partial advance of 1s. per cwt., and Seeds and Wheat are also firm, the latter owing to damage to the crop by rain during harvest time; the shipments of Wheat from America are, however, telegraphed as being immense. Prices for Cocoanut Oil are maintained. Metals are unchanged.

The Bank of England rate of discount has been raised to 6 per cent., but the advance having been generally anticipated, business has not been materially affected thereby. Consols have declined to £94⅞, and French Rentes, after some fluctuations, remain at our last quotation of Fcs. 111. Exchange on India for 60 days' sight Bills is still quoted at 1s. 8d. Refined Rupee Paper is unchanged at Rs. 81 for Fours and Fours-and-a-half, and Rs. 87½ for Five-and-a-half per cent.

The position of our various markets at the close is as follows:—Cotton dull owing to the falling off in the demand for export, but firmly held by dealers on account of considerable purchases for local consumption. Linseed rather cheaper owing to an absence of enquiry from exporters. Rapeseed steady, supplies almost exhausted. Wheat rather cheaper. For imports of all sorts the demand is confined to purchases to supply immediate requirements. Money continues very easy. In shares the transactions reported during the week have not been large. Government Paper is unsettled owing to the announcement of a new Four-and-a-half per cent. Loan to be issued next May in place of the present Five-and-a-half per cent. Loan. Sterling Exchange closes weak at a decline of half per cent. on our last quotations. Freights are daily more and more depressed, and at hours £1 per ton is the nominal rate for Liverpool, via Canal, there is little cargo offering at this figure. For the only iron sailing ship on the berth engagements have been made at 6s. 3d. to 7s. 6d. per ton.

The weekly biddings for Council Drafts on India took place in London yesterday, when the usual sum of £300,000 was offered and allotted as follows:—£270,000 to Calcutta at an average rate of 1s. 7·83d. and £30,000 to Bombay at an average rate of 1s. 7·87d. Tenders at 1s. 7 13-16d. on Calcutta received 94 per cent. of the amounts applied for, and on Bombay at 1s. 7¾d. in full. As compared with last week this shows a further decline of 3-16d. per rupee and Bar Silver has moved in sympathy, the quotation in London yesterday being 52¾d. to 52⅝d. per oz.

MONEY.—The last published return of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending on the 10th instant showed a reduction in the Deposits at the Bank and its branches of about 12 lacs and at the same time a falling off in the trade demand of about the same amount. No alteration was made by the Directors in the rates of discount at their Weekly Board Meeting, but Money in the Bazaar continues plentiful, and with the present dull state of trade it seems probable that a further reduction will shortly be made. The quotations for the present are for fixed loans on Government Securities 4 per cent., and on demand loans 5 per cent., and discounts on short dated Government Bills 4 per cent., and Mercantile Bills 6 per cent. per annum.

STERLING EXCHANGE.—Very little business was done here on Saturday owing to the approaching holidays on Monday and Tuesday last, so that Wednesday and Thursday may be said to be the only days since last mail day in which the Banks have been operating. On Wednesday the only alteration was a decline of 1-16d. per Rupee in demand Bank Bills; Paper of longer usance and House Bills being unchanged. In consequence of this, early buyers until the result of the usual weekly sale of Council Drafts in London was known here. On Thursday when it was known that the allotment had been made at about 3 16d. per Rupee below last week's, rates our market declined 1-16d. to ¼d. all round, the closing quotations being:—Bank Bills on demand 1s. 7¾d.; 6 months' sight 1s. 8¼d.; Credits, 3 months' sight 1s. 8¼d.; 6 months' sight 1s. 8 7-16d.; Documents, 3 months' sight 1s. 8 9-32d.; 6 months' sight 1s. 8 15-32d. And in Paris the rate for 3 months' sight Mercantile Bills is Frcs. 2 12½ per Rupee. At these rates the Banks to-day are willing buyers, but forward this description of business is dormant. With business so dull as it is at present there is little prospect of any material advance, but so much depends on the outturn of the crops that it is absolutely impossible to arrive at a fair estimate yet awhile, although the influences likely to be brought to bear on Exchange during the next two months will be more in favour of lower than higher rates.

On Calcutta to-day's rates for demand drafts are 100 1-16, and for 60 days' sight 99¼.

From Hongkong the latest quotation for 6 months' sight Bank Bills on London is 3s. 2¼d. per dollar, and from Shanghai 5s. 2¼d. per tael.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—On the 12th instant the Government of India published a notification to the effect that the present Five-and-a-half per cent. Loan would be paid off and discharged on or after the 1st May next, and that a New Loan of Ten Crores of Rupees would be raised in its stead to be called "The Transfer Loan, 1879" not to be discharged before the 15th September 1893. The Loan to be issued in two alternative forms—the first to bear interest at the rate of four-and-a-half per cent. per annum, and the principal repayable to be stated on each Promissory Note. The Notes in the second form will be issued only in exchange for notes of the expiring Five-and-a-half per cent. Loan, which will be discharged in Calcutta when repayable by the payment of the equivalent in Rupees of £8·15 for each Rs. 100 of their amount, the said equivalent being calculated at the rate of Exchange fixed by the Secretary of State for India. Interest to be paid at the rate of the equivalent in Rupees of £3·10 per annum for each Rs. 1,000, and at the rate of Exchange fixed by the Secretary of State for India. Tenders, in accordance with the first form, to be made by the 21st October next, and Notes of the Five-and-a-half per cent. Loan of 1859-60 will be received for Exchange in accordance with the terms of the second form until 15th September 1878. There may possibly be advantages accruing to the "second form" which have not yet been made public, otherwise we imagine that few holders of Five-and-a-half per cent. Paper will be willing to exchange on the terms now published, and the Loan will consequently all have to be tendered for as a Four-and-a-half per cent. Loan in accordance with the terms set down for the first form.

As it was known that the present Five-and-a-half per cent. Loan would be paid off next year and that a New Loan at Four-and-a-half would probably be issued, the Government Notification has not had much effect on the values of Fours and Fours-and-a-half per cents, with the exception of the new Fours-and-a-half per cent. Loan which has declined to Rs. 102½ and Five-and-a-half which have declined to Rs. 103¾. To-day's rate for Fours is Rs. 96½ and for Fours-and-a-half Rs. 97.

SHARES.—With the exception of a good demand for Bank of Bombay and Bank of Bengal shares which have advanced to Rs. 728½ and Rs. 732½ respectively, there has been little doing in shares during the week, as not only has the market been closed for holidays during two days but the continued wet weather has had a depressing effect on it when open. Land Companies, on its becoming known that Government was making fresh proposals with regard to taking over the foreshore of Bombay, have hardened. Colabas having advanced to Rs. 870 and Frees to Rs. 111. In Spinning and Weaving Companies there has been little doing, and the tendency has generally been downwards. Alliances have fallen Rs. 25, Alliance Rs. 75, Khandesh Rs. 10, National Rs. 10, Nicol Rs. 100. On the other hand, Alfreds have advanced Rs. 15, Dhurumseys Rs. 20, Fleming Rs. 25, Hindustan Rs. 10, Madras United Rs. 15. In miscellaneous and other shares little change has taken place.

Piece Goods continue in much the same position as previously reported. Holders are firm but the demand is very slack, and the dulness previously ruling has been increased by the holidays. Local Made Goods are also in little demand, as the stocks held in the Bazaar are already very heavy, and until the weather improves dealers are afraid of operating further. The reported sales during the week consist of 40,600 pieces 3 lb. Madapollams at Rs. 2 per piece to arrive. 6,000 pieces 7 lbs. and 2,000 pieces 8½ lbs. and about 3,000 pieces Light Make Grey Shirtings, also about 15,000 Grey Jaconets, 1,000 T. Cloths, 3,000 Madapollams, 2,000 Mulls, and moderate sales of White Shirtings, all at about previous rates.

TWIST.—We have no sales to report, and prices remain nominally unaltered. Stocks of imported Yarns are moderate, but Local Makes are large, and unless an up-country demand shortly arises, we shall probably see lower rates ruling in this market shortly.

METALS.—*Copper.*—No sales have been reported from first hands, and prices are rather easier. In *Yellow Metal* sales of 1,250 cwts. are reported at Rs. 38½ to Rs. 38¾ per cwt. *Iron* is unchanged at previous rates.

COALS.—The reported sales of the week consist of a cargo of Lairds Welsh Hartley at Rs. 19½ and of Davison's West Hartely at Rs. 20 per ton, both August-September shipment, via the Cape. The market is steady with few sellers at these rates.

COTTON.—The telegrams from Liverpool during the week have reported dull markets without, however, much influencing prices here, as with the limited stocks available and the regular supplies required by the local mills, prices are maintained at a level which precludes any business here being done for export. The reported sales of the week amount to about 2,000 bales, of which only 250 bales are for export. The Receipts from up-country during the week amount to 2,188 bales against 2,788 bales last week. The total since the 1st September now amounts to 958,594 cwt. against 1,134,154 bales last years.

The *Clearances for Sea* since last mail left amount to 1,503 bales, making a total of 662,275 bales since 1st January as against 794,020 bales for the same time last year.

NEW CROP.—Accounts are still fairly favourable from most districts, and the damage which has been done by excessive rains can be repaired if we now have favourable weather. In Broach, however, it is feared that unless a break in the Monsoon shortly occurs the crop will be permanently damaged. From the Dhollera districts accounts are favourable, as also are they from Julgaum, Sheagaum, and Khandgaum and other Oomrawuttee districts, where the rainfall has been ample, but with a little sunshine now all would be right. At Hingunghat dry weather is also wanted.

The following are to-day's quotations for Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without Commission:—

		₹ lb.
New, Full-pressed—		Candy C. & F.
M. G. Broach Fully Good Fair	....	Rs. 210 = 6¼d.
Oomrawuttee Good	....	" 214 = 6¼d.
Do. Fully Good Fair	....	" 207 = 6 5-16d.
Do. Good Fair	....	" 203 = 6 3-16d.
Dhollera Fully Good Fair	....	" 207 = 6 5-16d.
Do. Good Fair	....	" 203 = 6 3-16d.
S. Dharwar Good	....	" 209 = 6¼d.
Compta Good Fair	....	" 198 = 5¾d.

SEEDS.—*Linseed.*—Accounts from Home are somewhat more favourable, but the export demand is small and prices are in consequence rather weaker, to-day's quotations being Rs. 6-12 to Rs. 6-13 per cwt.

RAPESEED is quite unchanged, the stocks being so small that the quotation of Rs. 7-14 to Rs. 8 per cwt. for Gazerat is almost nominal.

WHEAT is in much the same position as previously reported; supplies are very small and shipments are consequently at a standstill; prices are maintained by the local demand. We quote:—Best White, Rs. 37; Mixed, Rs. 36; Hard Red, Rs. 34 per candy.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE
AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE SHIP STORNOWAY, 1,499 tons, Captain R. Storm, will sail to-day for Callao, in ballast.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
15	Calzean	Pirnie	Calcutta.
	Hawden	Nicholson	Chittagong.
	Dunphaile Castle	Hilder	Tuticorin.

The ship Stornoway, Storm, to Callao, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—Steamer Bevalle, to P. Gulf via Kurrachee.
Steamer Punjaub, to Zanzibar, &c.

CALCUTTA.

PASSENGERS.

Passengers per S S Euphrates which sailed on the 6th, for Rangoon and Moulmein:—Miss Titcomb, Miss Wallis, Lieut Wilson, Major Gover, Mr D Campbell, Mr T M Vigors.
Passengers arrived per S S City of London:—Mrs. Birkr and child, Major Coddington, Mr Collins, Mr Kinerson.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.		
12	Poonah(s)	Southampton.

DEPARTURES.

12	Prospere	Bourbon.
	Busheer (s)	Rangoon.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per s s Poonah—To Madras—Mr McLeese, Mr W S Sullivan, Mr A J Yorke, Mr J P Barker.

DAILY IMPORTS.—AUGUST 15.

FROM LONDON.

Lord Ellington s—1 cask copper wire, Esmalljee Easorbhoy, Henry Balckwell s—32 cases old tom, Eduljee Bomonjee, Graffarth s—6 chests champagne, Cutler, Palmer and Co. Pekin s—21 cases claret, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Stockbridge—50 bales cotton, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co; 1,129 cwts machalluas, Sobgchund Goolalchund; 100 cwts coir yarn, Verchund Hemchund.
European s—5 bales rags, Shamjee Narronjee and Co; 53 bales wool, Pelly and Co; 30 bales cotton waste, 27 bales cotton, Goculdass Cullianjee; 206 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 200 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 125 bales wool, Per Cassels and Co.
Conseit s—4,8?? cwts wheat, Stearns, Hobart and Co; 14 bales wool, Nurses Khuttow; 125 bales cotton, Ramdayall Choonilall.
Branksome Hall s—300 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Travancore s—2 boxes gold bars and sovereigns, (Rs. 162,000) The National Bank.

FOR TRIESTE.

Travancore s—900 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Travancore s—50 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Travancore s—3 bundles silk, and 1 bundle shawlls, Hajee Zanell Abadin.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Hindostan s—54 bales twist, Cowasjee Sorabjee.

FOR HONGKONG.

Hindostan s—110 bales cotton, Hajee Essac Ellias; 200 bales cotton and 20 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram; 25 bales twist, Remington and Co; 17 chests opium, Tata and Co; 80 bales twist, W and A Graham and Co; 135 bales twist, E D Sassoon; 93 bales twist, Framjee Hormusjee; 42 chests opium, and 175 bales twist, Nurses Kessonjee and Co; 13 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Hindostan s—5 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomonjee and Co; 37 chests opinion, E J Abraham.

VESSELS EXPECTED AT BOMBAY.

SHIPS FROM HOME PORTS.

1735 St. Enoch—Dundee, March 26.
1284 Goshawk, Aberdeen—Newcastle, April 11.
1259 Charlotte Gladstone, McLaren—Liverpool, April 21.
1403 Hermione, Milner—Liverpool, April 26.
899 Semantha, Morrisey—Liverpool, May 3.
1400 King Cenric, Buss—Newport, May 6.
1072 Natal, Walker—Liverpool, May 16.
1400 Rockhurst, McIntyre—Cardiff, May 16.
1135 Cambridge, Hill—Cardiff, May 18.
1369 Russell Rose, Wadman—Liverpool, May 20.
1518 Austriana, Gillies—Liverpool, May 24.
1690 Sam Skolfield, Skolfield—Liverpool, May 27.
1133 George D. Oulton, Hamilton—Cardiff, May 29.
1238 Indian Chief, Fraser—Liverpool, May 29.
1026 Lady Lisgar, Jones—Liverpool, May 29.
1072 Morion, Williams—Tyne, June 2.
†36 Alsta, Hansen—Tyne, June 4.
1430 Sierra Madrona—Tyne, June 4.
1449 Deadmans Bay, Towill—Cardiff, June 5.
984 Snow Queen, Graham—Liverpool, June 5.
1136 Romania, Jack—Cardiff, June 5.
992 Bitterne, Ogilvie—Penarth, June 6.
745 Wanlock, Telley—London, June 7.
1460 Wiltshire, Cotsworth—Liverpool, June 7.
799 Emma Marr, Shields—Liverpool, June 7.
1631 E-ther Roy, Roy—Liverpool, June 13.
1794 British Ambassador—Shields, June 14.
1922 Fearnought, Graham—Liverpool, June 14.
1099 Lalla, Vance—Cardiff, June 15.
1040 Prince Leopold, Cochran—Liverpool, June 17.
994 Fleur de Lis, Ross—Liverpool, June 17.
1246 Grasmere, Windermere—Penarth, June 17.
1196 Proteus—New York, June 26.
996 Vaeni, Larensen—Newcastle, June 27.
1178 Normandy, Tukey—Liverpool, June 28.
1239 Stratford, Francis—Dundee, July 2.
1602 Forest King, Holmes—Penarth, July 3.
864 Bessie H., McManus—London, July 4.
1127 Chrysolite, Brown—Liverpool, July 5.
1178 Edwin Reed—Cardiff, July 7.
698 Dragon, McClennent—London, July 8.
1436 Louisana, Oliver—Cardiff, July 11.
1843 Queenstown, Purrington—Liverpool, July 15.
962 S. F. Hersey, Waterhouse—Liverpool, July 17.
1272 Jane Oliphant—Cardiff, July 18.
1555 Cumberland, Farquhar—Cardiff, July 19.
1088 James Edwards, Causebrook—Cardiff, July 20.
1307 Prince Leopold, Christian—Cardiff, July 21.
1304 Sussex, Stap—London, July 21.
940 Markland, Dakin—Cardiff, July 22.
1320 Prince Eugene, Smith—Cardiff, July 24.
820 America—Cardiff, July 30
1067 Aberdene, Evans—Liverpool, loading.
1509 Rossignol—Liverpool, loading.
1300 Hoogly, Leiders—Liverpool, loading.
1295 Genevieve Strickland, Strickland—Liverpool, loading.
671 Oswingo, Siewerts—Boston, loading.
1051 Weatherfield, Sherris—London, loading.
1256 Essex, Ransom—London, loading.
1225 Greenock, Slster—London, loading.
1559 Rairgowrie, Darke—London, loading.
1208 Melpomene, Leach—Dundee loading.
1461 Francomia, Otis—Cardiff, loading.
740 Spartan, Crosby—Clyde, loading.
1418 Aros Bay, Willis—Malta.
1440 Brambletye, Gibbs—Malta.
1623 Cyclesdale, Hatfield—Malta.
1276 Citadel, McGee—Malta.
1547 Hespodar, Kelly—Malta.
1139 Kilkerran, Lore—Malta.
1189 Scaforth—Malta.

} Transports via Suez Canal.

FROM OUTPORTS.

889 Cearewitch, Langley—Moulmein, June 15.
1245 Cashmere, Lyon—Newcastle N. S. W., June 27.
737 Queen of the Age, Cooper—Mauritius, loading.
1673 Toftcombs—Mauritius, loading.
913 Serica, Mathews—Mauritius, loading.
1062 Zuleika, Reddell—Mauritius, loading.
481 A. L. Palmer—Mauritius, loading.
1510 Melmerby, Seeley—Moulmein, loading.
1107 Minduro, Dowling—Rangoon, loading.
568 Papa di Rossi—Singapore, loading.
449 Allendale, Chapel—Singapore, loading.
520 Thomas Wood, Ingham—Moulmein, loading.
1057 Early Morn—Moulmein, loading.

STEAMERS

SHORTLY DUE.

1190 Australia, Bozzoni—Genoa—Left Suez Canal August 1—Rubattino, Sept. 1.
1086 Vixen, O'Keefe—Liverpool—Left Suez Canal August 6.
783 Apis, Egger—Trieste—Left Suez Canal, August 8.
1385 Mongolia, Coleman—Aden—Left Suez Canal August 14.
1775 Bokhara, Anderson—Galle—Left Suez Canal August 14—Takes English Mails, August 23.
929 Scio, Seaborne—Karrachee.

EXPECTED.

1727 Nizam, Barlow—Southampton—Left Suez Canal Aug. 14.
1166 Alabama, Green—London, July 31.
1452 Italia, Donaldson—Liverpool, August 7.
1190 Alnwick Castle, Halder—London, August 9.
781 Adria, Breeze—Hongkong, August 13.
2065 Nepaul, Murray—Calcutta—Takes English Mails, Sept.
1728 Rydal, Hall, Lloyd—Liverpool.
1743 talanta, Tillson—London.
3316 Kaiser I Hind, Methven—Southampton.
1744 Gwalior, Babot—Southampton.
1736 Lombardy, Hall—Southampton.
1299 Bengal, Rowley—Malta.
1231 Goa, Smith—Malta.
1268 Maida, Sang—Malta.
1269 Modena, Smith—Malta.
1298 Canara, Sharp—Malta.
1453 Macedonia, Laird—Malta.
2288 Sc. Osyth, McNab—Malta.
1839 Nenkin, Brace—Malta.
861 Marina, Footman—Malta.
1390 Suez, Flint—Malta.
1343 Trinacria, Hutcheson—Malta.
1695 County of Sutherland, Bain—Newport.
1367 Columbia, Montgomery—Liverpool.
882 India, Dodero—Genoa.

} Transports.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA,
BOMBAY, 14th August, 1878.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 6 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·716
Temperature of the Air	79·9
Wet Bulb Thermometer	79·0
Dew Point	78·7
Relative humidity of Air	·960
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	8·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	82·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	77·2
General Direction of Wind	W, WSW, W, WNW, W.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	246
Fall of Rain	0·42
Total fall during the month	10·71
do. do. year	78·72
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 15th Aug.	2·98

HIGH COURT—AUGUST 16.

(Before the Honorable the Chief JUSTICE and the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE GARTH.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

356—468 77—Masfarlane and G—B Dayabhoy vs Gokuldas Govindjee and others—Shivjee and T.
357—601-77—Fletcher and S—Nursey Keasowjee vs Rahim Assar and another—Bhaishunker N and Tyabjee and S.
360—488-77—In person—Ally Mahomed Ally bin M vs Beebee Suckeena and others—Nana and H.
361—347-77—Ardaseer and H—Manockjee Limjee M vs Goolbai—Hearn C and L.

[Before the Honorable Sir CHARLES SARGENT.]

Admiralty Suit.

1-77—Fletcher and S—Nursey Khutao and others vs The British Steamer Zante &c.—Jefferson and F.
2-77—Fletcher and S—Moorarjee Toolseydas and others vs The British Steamer Zanti &c—Jefferson and P.
3-77—Fletcher and S—Nursey Khutao and another vs The British Steamer Zanti &c—Jefferson and P.
4-77—Fletcher and S—Nursey Khutao and another vs The British Steamer Zanti &c—Jefferson and F.
5-77—Fletcher and S—Moorarjee Toolseydas and another vs The Steamer Zanti &c—Jefferson and F.

LONG CAUSES.

64-78—A F Turner—Kheechund Purshotum vs Thackersee Dewjee—Balkrishna and B.
57-78—Rimington H & C—Bai Mamoobai vs Dosea Moorarjee and others—Shapoorjee and T.

[Before the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.]

LONG CAUSES.

81-78—Rimington, H and C—N M Panday vs Cassumbhoy Dhurrumsey and S.
194-78—Tyabjee and S—Cassumbhoy Dhurrumsey vs N M Panday—Rimington, H and C.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—AUGUST 15.

Walker, Major, R A, on furlough, from Dum Dum.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, August 15.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th August 1878.

The undermentioned Officer of the Bombay Army is permitted to retire from the Service from the date specified:—Colonel A Becher, Staff Corps, Ordinary Pension £456-5, Annuity £659-14, 7th August.

Major R G Thorold, R E, Bengal, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Government of his own Presidency.

The undermentioned Officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year, on medical certificate, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—Captain J D Cruickshank, R E, P W D.

Surgeon J Duke, 3rd Punjab Cavalry, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Government of his own Presidency.

The services of Major-General John Worgan, R A, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Viceroy.

The following temporary promotion in the Barrack Department is made:—Sub-Conductor G Walshe to be Acting Conductor from the 6th August, on succession to Acting Conductor Stanwell, proceeded on furlough.

The undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers have been permitted by the Government of India to return to duty:—Lieutenant-Col C M Griffith, Staff Corps, and Sub-Conductor G Walshe.

Sub-Conductor D Kennedy, Ordnance Department, is permitted to retire on the pension of his rank, viz, £60 per annum, payable in Canada.

The undermentioned Officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year from date of departure in October next, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—Major H J Stock, Staff Corps, Brigade Major, Bhurtpore.

The following extract from the London Gazette of the 23rd July is republished for general information:—"Brevet Lieut-Col Monson Boyd, Bombay Staff Corps, to be Colonel.

Consequent on the return to duty of Conductor Fox, of the Corps of Sappers and Miners, Acting Conductor R Dicks will revert to the rank of Serjeant-Major, with effect from the 30th May.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1878.

Captain W A Salmon, Acting Second Assistant Political Agent, Kattywar, has privilege leave of absence for three months, Mr H G Gell is appointed to act as Superintendent of the B B and C I Railway, in addition to his present duties.

Mr F C Jones is appointed to act again as Assistant District Superintendent of Police in the Panch Mahals District until further orders.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr W H Merwanji to act as a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Government of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

Messrs T Mills and R F Vincent respectively delivered over and received charge of the Office of Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, on the 1st instant before office hours.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Major H V Carter is appointed, tentative *pro tem*, Principal and Professor of Medicine and Hygiene in the Grant Medical College from 4th April last.

Mr Vinayek R Gore, Acting Deputy Educational Inspector, Khandesh Sub-Division, has been allowed privilege leave of absence for one month and seven days from the 18th ultimo.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. P Rose Scharlieau Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey and Assessment.

Captain A H Mayhew is appointed to act as Registrar of Titles and Parsee Law during the absence of Major R J Crawford on privilege leave.

Mr A C Trevor, Deputy Commissioner of Customs and Opium, P D, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from 2nd September.

In supersession of the orders contained in Government Notification dated 30th March, Mr E C Ozanne is appointed to act as Second Assistant Collector, Belgaum, till further order.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J Davidson to act as Second Assistant Collector for the Panch Mahals during the absence of Mr Acworth, or till further orders. Mr F Daly, Acting First Assistant Collector, Broach, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from the 16th instant.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

Poona, 14th August 1878.

With the sanction of the Government of India, Lieut A B Mein, 4th Regiment N I, is granted leave, 21st Sept to 31st Dec, permitted to rejoin his Regiment, the 2nd battalion H M's 22nd Foot.

Surg E Tully, on 4th duty Presidency div, has been transferred to general duty, Poona division.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Sec Regt Cav, Regimtl Order dated July 29th, appointing Riding Master W J Rant to be Interpreter, vice Lieut S C Fuller, on leave.

5th Regt N I, Regimtl Order dated Aug 5, directing Lieut C O Nicholetts, wing officer, to officiate as Adjutant in addition to his own duties.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave of absence:—

Sub-Lieut O J Brooker, H M's 6th Foot, to remain in England from Aug 18 to Dec 31, in extension, for the purpose of going through a course of 4 months' garrison instruction.

Lieut Col J J Eaton, 4th Regt N I, to remain at the Neilgherry Hills from Aug 9 to Sept 7, in extension on med certificate.

Surg Major K J Parr to remain in England from July 6 to Nov 5, on med certificate.

OVERLAND SUMMARY
OF
THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
(*Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.*)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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POSTAL NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The Overland Mail Steamer of the P. & O. S. N. Company will leave Bombay every FRIDAY, soon after 5 p.m. The following are the hours for closing Mails:—

Letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 3-30 p.m.
Newspapers, Books, and Patterns—up to 1-30 p.m.
Registered Letters—up to 1 p.m.
Registered Letters, if fully prepaid, together with an extra fee of two annas, will be received at the General Post Office between 1 and 2 p.m.

Parcels for Europe, for the Overland Mail, if fully prepaid by means of stamps in respect both of postage and of the late letter fee (two annas each), will be received at the Wellington Pier Post Office from 3-30 to 4-30 p.m.

The latest hour for posting ordinary Overland Covers at the several Branch Post Offices will be 3 p.m., and registered letters at 1 p.m.

Fully prepaid letters will be received on board the Overland Mail Steamers after 3 p.m. and up to starting time (5 p.m.) by the payment of an additional fee of one anna. All others will be refused.

CALENDAR FOR AUGUST, 1878.

PHASES OF THE MOON,
Last Quarter.....21st, 5h., 59·0 m., a.m.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Fri. 16	.....	5 41	6 30	{ 10 5 m / 9 47 a	3 11 m / 4 10 a
Sat. 17	.....	5 43	6 25	{ 1 32 m / 1 37 a	7 22 m / 7 53 a
Sun. 18	9th Sunday after Trinity	5 43	6 24	{ 2 2 m / 2 4 a	8 6 m / 8 25 a
Mon. 19	.....	5 44	6 23	{ 2 42 m / 2 29 a	8 54 m / 8 56 a
Tues. 20	English Mail expected.	5 44	6 23	{ 3 29 m / 2 54 a	9 51 m / 9 38 a
Wed. 21	.....	5 44	6 22	{ 4 30 m / 3 22 a	10 51 m / 10 32 a
Th. 22	.....	5 44	6 22	{ 5 47 m / 4 18 a	11 52 m / 11 37 a

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATHS.

CLARK—August 12th, at Poona, John William Douglas, infant son of J. Clark, Esq., of the B. I. S. N. Co., aged 16 months.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

DEEKS—July 19th, at Mardan, the wife of Mr. T. Deeks, Bandmaster, Queen's Own Corps of Guides, of a son.
TATE—August 11th, at Jhansi, the wife of Surgeon-Major Robert Tate, A.M.D., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

BLIGH—STEWART—August 10th, at Toondla, by the Rev. F. Kennedy, W. S. Bligh, Executive Engineer Irrigation Works, to Ellen Frances Louisa, eldest daughter of Lieut-Colonel A. McLeod Stewart, B.S.C., Agra.

DEATHS.

CLARIDGE—August 10th, at Madras, Robert Claridge, formerly of Dartford, Kent.
LAWRIE—August 5th, at Tespore, Elsie Cunningham, daughter of W. M. Lawrie, of Jhansie, Jorehat, Assam, aged ten months.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1878.

THE Protocols connected with the deliberations of the Berlin Congress convey to their readers the impression that Turkey was persistently "sat upon," and that Russia was permitted to have everything her own way that was of material importance. Prince Bismarck seemed to be everybody's friend, but his conclusions were generally extremely favourable to Russia. The representatives of Great Britain spoke frequently, and presented a certain show of independence and determination; but when practical results were arrived at, Russia always remained the most successful party in the bargain. The Russian diplomatists managed their affairs with

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS.)

THE MISSION TO CABUL.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Sir Stafford Northcote, in the House of Commons to-day, in reply to Mr. Fawcett, said, that the Cabul Mission being of the same character as matters decided by the old Secret Committee, it came, according to the Act, not before the Indian Council, but before the Secretary of State for India personally.

Sir Stafford Northcote, in reply to Sir Henry Havelock, said that if the Amir did not invite the Mission, the Indian Government would propose it; but whether this was done was unknown to him.

DEPARTURE OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF FOR MHOW.

POONA, Aug. 15.

Sir Charles and Lady Staveley, accompanied by the Commander-in-Chief's Staff, excepting Captain Stevens, leave Poona for Mhow to-morrow, returning here by the 1st September.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The Treaty between Austria and Turkey will be signed soon.

A stringent and sweeping Bill for the repression of Socialism has been brought forward in the German Federal Council.

The German Ambassador at Constantinople has insisted upon the execution of the Congress proposals in respect to Greece, and the Porte has consequently modified its resolution in the matter.

LONDON, Aug. 12, Apr.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull. Surats dull.

Fair Dholleras 5 5-16

The Manchester Market has been dull.

Exchange on India, 60 days' sight .. 1-8

4 per cent. Rupee Paper..... 81

4½ per cent. do. 81

5 per cent. do. 87½

6 per cent. French Rente, 1872..... 111½

Bar Silver ..... 52½ to ½

Arrival—Whitbie.

STEAMER REPORTS.

MADRAS, Aug. 15, 11-45 A.M.

Following from Hongkong:—Manila Mail from Hongkong and Amoy Saturday.

THE MONSOON.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT FOR ALL INDIA.

AUGUST 14, 10 A M.

The barometer has risen over one tenth of an inch at Karrachee. Barometric depression in Western India has now disappeared. Pressure has increased slightly in Northern India, Assam, Arracan, Bengal, and in Burmah, and diminished by a small amount in the remaining districts. Fair rain fell at the coast stations of the Bay of Bengal. A thunderstorm gave Madras 22 tenths. Showers gave moderate rainfall in Western India, the Deccan, Central Provinces, and Assam. Good rain occurred over part of the N. W. Provinces and the Punjab. The most important rainfall reported from this area are Lahore 26 tenths, Futegurh 17 tenths Aligarh 15 tenths, and Meerut 5 tenths.

COAST WEATHER REPORTS.—Aug. 15.

CANNANORE, 5-16 p.m.—Weather rainy; wind S.; thermometer max. 82; min., 72; W. B. 76; barometer 29.78. Fall of rain 43 cents.

CARWAR, 5 p.m.—Weather cloudy but fine; wind S.W. 4; thermometer 29 89; barometer 81-8. Fall of rain 22 cents.

MANGALORE, 4-30 p.m.—Weather cloudy; wind S. E., S.W. Fall of rain 37 cents.

TUTICORIN, 4-5 p.m.—Weather fair; wind S.E.; thermometer 86; barometer 29 87.

TRINCOMALEE, 5 p.m.—Weather rainy; wind S.W. light; thermometer 83. Fall of rain 1 inch 45 cents.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba.	Fort.	Byculla.
	In. cent.	In. cent.	In. cent.
Previously registered...	76 60	85 71	84 48
August 14 Wednesday.....	0 42	.....	.....
15 Thursday.....	.....	2 25	1 64
Total.....	78 02	87 97	86 12
Fall up to 14th August 1877...	48 53	.....	.....
" 15th " "	.....	37 68	44 35

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort and Byculla are made up to 6 p. m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

RAINFALL IN THE MOFUSSIL.

(From our own Correspondents.)

NASEICK, Aug. 13.—I am sorry to say that the rain continues to pour down, for we now require an interval of sunshine. Sickness has broken out in various parts, which is owing to the extreme wet weather. We have now got quite our average fall, and yet it is still overblowing in with no sign of ceasing.

BROACH, Aug. 9.—We have up to date had upwards of 26 inches of rain, a thing unheard of for many years in Cutch. In June 10 inches 87 cents, in July 13 inches 10 cents, in August (up to the 8th) 2 inches 17 cents. Total 26 inches 14 cents.

BROACH, Aug. 14.—Yesterday we had again copious showers, and there is every prospect of a further fall. The flood in the river has not abated, and the current was so strong yesterday that the railway company's steam launch and the boats that carry the passengers and mails were carried to a distance of about a mile and a half from the terminus, but they were all carried safely back to their destination. We have had in all about 26 inches of rain, our roads are much cut up, and many houses have fallen.

RATNAGIRI, Aug. 9.—Rain is incessantly falling here, the total up to date amounting to more than 100 inches. Such a quantity has not been known at this station for the last twenty years. Much damage has been done to the crops, and some villages have been flooded. Many houses have fallen, and the poor have lost much of their property.

COCANADA, Aug. 10.—Our rainfall up to 6 p. m. of the 9th instant is 12 inches 53 cents, and up to same date last year 55 inches 71 cents. At present there is every appearance of continued rain, but a change is hoped for in a few days. The fall latterly has been excessive, and may result in injury to the rice crops. We have had heavy squalls during the past week from S. W. to N. W.

We have been favoured with the following telegram by Messrs. Ritchie, Steuart and Co., despatched from Broach at 2-30 p.m. yesterday—"Crop damaged; heavy rains; weather cloudy."

The following telegram, dated London 12th, appears in the *Pioneer*:—"The Paris *Moniteur* announces from St. Petersburg that General Abramoff has been appointed Resident at Cabul. Central Asian affairs are causing anxiety."

A negro sailor has died in the Bombay gaol from dysentery produced by a sudden change of diet. The man had been accustomed to solid meat food, and when admitted to the gaol he was, in accordance with a standing order which appears to apply to all men of colour, put on native diet. He complained of feeling unwell in consequence, but he was not allowed to have more substantial food, and the consequence was that he died before the eight weeks of his allotted imprisonment had expired. Somebody ought to be asked to explain how this occurred.

FOUR instances of forged notes, says the report on the operations of the Currency Department, were brought to notice in the Bombay Circle during the past year. The forgeries were detected and the notes forwarded to the Government of India. In each case the note purported to be of the value of Rs. 100 and of the same series. No doubt they were the work of a single gang, which unfortunately has not been discovered. Warnings have been circulated to receive with great caution notes which bear the characters of the series in question.

THE death from cholera is reported of Mr. G. B. Rae, of the Bengal Police, who was employed as famine officer on the Hooblee State Railway.

THE value of merchandise imported into Calcutta, during the month of July last, showed a falling-off of Rs. 23,10,154, and that of bullion and specie a falling off of Rs. 10,10,871, as compared with the same period last year, while in the exports of merchandise there was a decrease of Rs. 1,27,86,615, and in those of buillion and specie of Rs. 2,71,031. The net amount of Customs duties realised showed a decrease of Rs. 8,53,430.

THE Akola correspondent of the Agra paper is responsible for the following:—"Mention was made in my last that Colonel Bell had been attacked by cholera while at Comrasoee, but in now turns out that it was not cholera at all. The symptoms of the disease bore some resemblance to cholera, but the belief is now entertained that an attempt had been made to poison him! A Judicial Commissioner is not likely to make many friends amongst the criminal class, and this was probably an attempt to pay off favors bestowed upon some criminal's relations, of which we may hear more by and bye; for the present it is sufficient to mention that the gallant Colonel had a rather close 'shave.'"

THE *Madras Time*—A remarkable feature in the administration of the present Agent and Manager of the Madras Railway is, we are assured, his attention towards the support of the interests and welfare of the Railway subordinate employés to which they have hitherto been strangers. The attention of Mr. Saunders has been particularly drawn towards the heavy fines, &c., to which the employés of the Traffic Department especially have been subjected. Mr. Saunders is of opinion that there would be no occasion for levying fines as is now done, if the divisional officers visited more regularly the stations under their supervision, as they would thereby be a check on the occurrence of any irregularities.

SHUMS AHMED, who has just been arrested and committed to the Sessions at Bareilly, is quite an historical character. He sheltered in his house, when the Mutiny broke out, Mr. Henry Aspinall, a conductor in the Commissariat Department at Bareilly in 1857, and his family; but subsequently, yielding to the fanaticism of the neighbouring Mussulmans, he put them all to the sword. A correspondent of a Bengal paper says:—"He had put young babies to death in a very cruel manner, first flinging them up and then receiving them on the point of his sword and cutting them into pieces under the very nose of their parents, though they had repeatedly entreated him to take away their lives first. I hear he had been arrested once before, but acquitted for want of sufficient evidence for prosecution."

IN the Chittagong Munsiff's Court, the other day, a suit was brought to recover Rs. 50 from a ryot, of which sum Rs. 4 was principal and Rs. 46 interest. The following judgment was delivered:—"Plaintiff's case has been proved. Considering the high rate of interest entered in the bond, it was proper for the plaintiff to institute the suit soon after the time fixed for payment was over. That has not been done purposely to charge the defendant with a heavy amount of interest. Plaintiff, in my opinion, should get interest at the stipulated rate down to the stipulated time, and at the correct rate of 12 per cent. per annum thereafter down to the date of institution of this suit. Case decreed *ex parte* for Rs. 8, annas 12, and pie 3, only." The same plaintiff got a decree for more than Rs. 550, some two or three years ago, where the principal claimed was only Rs. 50, and the interest was more than Rs. 500.

THE *Englishman*—A certain city in the United States was, we were told a few weeks ago, gradually on the move, and it was further stated that some of the houses, and notably an hotel, had shifted from their original foundations to the extent of one or two inches. A startling statement comes to us concerning a sanitarium in India. We give our correspondent's own words—"Spiteful people in the plains, who are very hot, may be glad to hear that Simla is supposed to be slowly slipping down the 'khud.' It is considered, however, that the majority of the inhabitants have had so long practice in the retention of places, that they will be able to hold their ground in any emergency, and erect a new Simla, not on the ashes, but on what soil is left of old Simla."

THE *Englishman*—The memorandum which was drawn up by Lieut.-Colonel Macgregor on Armenia as a theatre of war has been lately published, and the argument deduced from it in certain quarters seems to be that it is positively wicked to think or consider over any plans to the injury of any country with which we are not actually at war. We are perfectly willing to admit any reasonable amount of wickedness in the arrangement of plans for invasion of any country, and only propose to show the folly of doing nothing in this direction. It may be wicked for Englishmen ever to consider such an eventuality as war, but occasions may occur on which well-considered plans would be valuable; and, under present circumstances, any European Power that neglected to obtain, during peace time, information necessary for the commencement of war, would have to purchase that same information during a campaign with the blood of her best soldiers, at enormous expense of money and material, and very great risk of national disaster. As also the end and object of this preconsideration is to render war, when it does come, more rapid and certain; in short, to civilize war as far as possible, and prevent that long lingering style of war which wastes the lives of soldiers and inhabitants of the country far more than short decisive campaigns, it is true to the preservation of human life, and therefore praiseworthy is not so wicked after all. The value, however, of such plans is obviously diminished by their being made known publicly, so that the enemy, whenever the occasion should arise, can learn where he is likely to be attacked or met, and thus can arrange for the greatest destruction of our soldiers and the foiling of our plans for victory. Under such circumstances, although perhaps the present danger of war may have been sided over, yet, looking to the future and the interests of Great Britain as a nation, the publication of any one of these memoirs, however obtained, cannot be considered patriotic.

AT a recent meeting of the Indian Agri-Horticultural Society a letter from Colonel W. H. Lowther, Benares, was read alluding in the following extract to the destructive effect on vegetation of the late unusually hot weather. He said:—"The last fortnight of June is the hottest period I can remember in India. The sun seems to have possessed some *extra* scorching power, as whole gardens of choice 'mango' and 'orange' trees testify,—dead to the very top root! I am told at Lucknow and Ghazeepore they have suffered equally, and all gardeners attribute it to the same cause. My garden has suffered in rose trees and shrubs, and I have lost nearly every novelty raised from seed in pots and boxes, while strange to say *ipomopsis* in the open borders has withstood; it is now flowering fairly as in the early hot months. It ought to be more generally grown, as it is a charming annual in various colours. Nothing could hurt the 'Gaillardias' of all kinds; they have been flowering during the worst time and seemed to thrive in it. Two fine plants of *Romneya Goulteri* in the open border are thriving, while all the promising specimens in pots have perished in the first shower of rain. I find here, as a general rule, that plants do far better in the open ground (well prepared soil of vegetable and animal manures) than in pots. Boxes, too, are far better than pots, as they do not conduct heat."

THE *Madras Mail*—Russia is in an indecent hurry to point the moral of the Berlin Treaty. She has been successfully resisted in Europe by England; and yielding not ungraciously to an imperious necessity, she has signed that miscalled treaty of peace which restores to Turkey 30,700 square miles that the Czar proposed to deprive her of by the San Stefano document. The conclusion of the Congress was co-incident with the publication of the extraordinary agreement which England has entered into with Turkey—an agreement pledging Turkey to nothing, and committing England to the defence of Turkey. Turkey is Russia's traditional enemy, and England takes that enemy under her own wing at the moment when the Czar is giving her the *coup de Jarnac*. England bars the way to Russia's further progress westwards, and Europe acquiesces rather than cordially approves of the the situation. Russia is not slow to return blow for blow. Batoum, Kars, and Ardahan are, it is decided to her, and the New Bulgaria will be her obedient humble servant. When the time arrives that Russia may venture to tear up the Treaty of Berlin as she did the Treaty of Paris, she will not hesitate to assert what is due to her dignity; and England must either leave Turkey to her fate, or accept all the consequences and risks of war. But the time is yet distant for such an adventure, and Russia, stopped in her westerly progress, suddenly declares herself the friend of the Amir of Afghanistan. If England chooses to take the Sultan under her wing and to dare Russia to touch his territory, Russia may with equal justice wish to take the Amir under her wing, and make herself unpleasantly obvious on the north-western frontier of India. The Amir was obdurate when the Turkish mission visited Cabul during the late war; for the ties of a common religion proved less strong than the habit of the Afghan to look to the main chance. The Amir gave the Sultan no reason to hope that the Afghans would care to pick a quarrel with the Russians, in view to creating a new source of anxiety for the Czar. He maintained a watchful neutrality, believing doubtless that his own interest lay in being civil all round, and putting his fin ger into nobody's pie. His inaction must have been welcome to the Russian Government; and now that there is an interlude in Europe, the Czar takes the earliest opportunity of sending a mission to Cabul. The Eastern Question is no sooner shelved than the Central Asian Question crops up again, and demands to be taken boldly in hand. The contest at Berlin is to be followed by a contest at Cabul, and the mantle of Lord Beaconsfield falls upon our Commander-in-Chief. The snake is not killed, but only scotched.

BOMBAY.

THE EXAMINER IN INSOLVENCY.—We hear that Mr. Inverarity's appointment as Examiner in Insolvency has been abolished.

A CORRESPONDENT, in a letter dated the 14th instant, says, "Allow me to assure you, with reference to your para. in to-day's local column, that Mr. Silva Campos, the senior judge of the Goa Appellate Court, was never married, and was no relation of Bonnan's murderer. He was lately acting chief justice, but was superseded by the Crown Advocate, who was called to this high post by a telegram from Portugal."

UNDER the provisions of Section 17 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. D. Pollen to be Joint Sessions Judge of Surat for the purpose of trying the cases of the Empress *vs.* Gulabdas Bhaidas and others, and of the Empress *vs.* Gangatram Ambaram and another.

SOCIETY FOR P. C. TO ANIMALS.—The following is a summary of cases prosecuted during the week ending the 10th inst.—Horses, 5 lame, 4 galled backs. Bullocks, 21 lame, 3 sore necks, 9 emaciated, 1 unshod, and 1 overloaded. Total fines Rs. 163.

BROACH COTTON GINNING AND PRESSING COMPANY (LIMITED).—An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders was held at the registered office of the Company in Elphinstone Circle yesterday, when Mr. M. Mowat, chairman of the board of directors, presided. The resolutions regarding a fresh agreement with the Mofussil Company and the transferring of the management to the firm of Messrs. W. Nicol and Co., which appeared in our advertising columns yesterday, were confirmed.

THE HOPE HALL HOTEL PREMISES.—The landed estate known as the Hope Hall Hotel premises, situated at the foot of the Mazagon Bridge, was on Wednesday last sold by Messrs. Crawford and Co. by public auction by order of the mortgagee thereof. It was knocked down for Rs. 43,000 to the highest bidder, Mr. Chojee Nansey Khairaz, draper and outfitter of Meadow Street.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 5th August was Rs. 44,53,034, add silver received during the week Rs. 2,20,617. The sum of Rs. 12,00,407 in new coin was paid during the week; the balance left was Rs. 34,73,244. There is in addition bullion valued at Rs. 3,80,430 belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults and awaiting assay.

MORTUARY RETURNS.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 13th August, was 551, being 23 less than in the preceding week, 141 less than the total of the week ending 14th August 1877, and 132 more than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 245 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population was 33·49. There were 176 deaths from remittent fever, which are 8 less than the previous week, and 22 less than the same period last year. There were 31 deaths from cholera last week as compared with 32 deaths during the previous week. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa, and dysentery were last week 44, 30, and 53, respectively, as compared with 55, 51, and 51 last year.

A CONSENT DECREE.—In an action brought by Jeevunjee Dhunjeebhoy and others against Jaijee, widow of the late Pallonjee Pestonjee, Mr. Justice Green passed a consent decree at the High Court yesterday. Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Ardasir and Hormusjee, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Dhurundar, instructed by Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee, for the defendant. By consent, his Lordship gave a decree for plaintiff for Rs. 10,000, in lieu of principal and interest, which must be a charge on her share and interest in the property of the late Pallonjee Pestonjee, and must not be executed against her person or property otherwise than by attachment and sale of the defendant's interest in the property.

TRESPASS.—Wullud Abdoola, a reputed thief, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee for lurking and house-trespass in the premises of one Khairanbee, woman, near Bhendy Bazaar. He was sentenced to two years' hard labour in the House of Correction.

FALSE WEIGHTS.—A Mahomedan, named Ebrahim Noor Mahomed, a dealer in potatoes, and at the Arthur Crawford Markets was yesterday fined Rs. 20 by Mr. C. P. Cooper for having in his possession two false weights without any reasonable excuse, he being a retail dealer.

HOUSEBREAKING AND THEFT.—Three noted characters, named Sookha Vahrau, Sona Dhondeo, and Sucaram Jannoo, were yesterday convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper of committing housebreaking and theft of property, consisting of a quantity of fish fins to the value of Rs. 70 belonging to Veerjee Nanjee. Prisoners Nos. 1 and 2 were each sentenced to eighteen months' hard labour, and prisoner No. 3 to nine months similar imprisonment. The prisoners Nos. 2 and 3 were further charged in respect of another similar offence and theft of property, consisting of a quantity of a native preparation called *soorma*, valued at Rs. 12, belonging to Hajeebhoy Premjee. They were convicted on this charge also, and were further sentenced to a term of six months each with hard labour. The latter sentence to take effect after the expiration of the first sentence.

A PICK-POCKET AND HIS ACCOMPLICES.—Yesterday, before Mr. Nana Morojee, Abdoola Sharmul, a noted pick-pocket, Osman Syud Hussain, and Khoda, also named Anis Poonjab, were charged, prisoner No. 1 with stealing from the pocket of Shaik Enoos Oomer a currency note for Rs. 10 and Rs. 4 in cash, and prisoners Nos. 2 and 3 with voluntarily assisting in disposing of the said property, which they knew or had reason to believe to be stolen. The theft was committed while complainant was standing amongst a crowd of people at an auction sale. The first prisoner it appears removed the money from complainant's pocket and dexterously passed it on to the other two prisoners, after which he tried to abscond, but was arrested and handed over to the Police. The three prisoners were convicted, No. 1 being sentenced to two years' hard labour, No. 2, who is only a lad, was ordered to be flogged four stripes, and No. 3 was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following Season Reports for the week ending 7th instant are published for general information:—

Kurrachee.—River on 5th 18 feet 7 inches, last year 15 feet 10 inches. Rain at Kurrachee 9·60, Johi 46, Ghorabari 8·00, Jerruck 57, Shahdadpur 10·20, Mirpur Batoro 2·48, Tatta 5·74, Jerruck 3 63, Kotri 6·71. Considerable damage to crops by floods in Kotri taluka, Jerruck and Shahbandar divisions. Locusts all over district causing slight injury.

Sharpur.—Rain 1·0; total 1 inch, 1 foot 4 inches higher than on same date last year. Floods on right bank doing much damage to crops and property. Locusts in six talukas, no damage except in Sukkur.

Hyderabad.—Rain 1·0; total for two days.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Weather close and hot. Total rain 6·31. Locusts in 2 talukas, no damage. River high; Kashmor bund breached 26th and 27th mile; current through breach 7th mile strong.

Ahmedabad.—Rain 1·76: total 23·91. General prospects good.

Panch Mahals.—Light showers. Partial re-sowing of bajri.

Kaira.—Rain 1·69; total 24·60. Prospects good. Weather cloudy and sultry.

Surat.—Rain 1·69. Three deaths from cholera in city, 8 Chorasi. Crops good in Olpar, middling in other places but some suffering from moisture: sowing not completed; break quite necessary.

Khandesh.—Maximum rain 28 inches, minimum 10 up to 5th; splendid fall; a little cessation required; total rain at Dhulia 15 inches. Prospects good. Several rivers flooded.

Nasik. Rain continues; sowing retarded in places in consequence.

Tanna.—Rain 9·13; total 90·99. Transplantation of kharif nearly completed.

Kolaba.—(Report for week ending 5th instant).—Rain at Alibag 8·98; total 39·26. Transplantation carried on vigorously throughout. Collectorate.

Ratnagiri.—(Report for week ending 30th ultimo).—Rain 4·40; total 76·91; fall plentiful throughout district. Transplantation nearly completed; crops good.

Poona.—Rain 2·13; fall general; maximum in Mawal 9·00, minimum ·53 at Indapur, where worms are slightly injuring shoots.

Ahmednagar.—Rain ·29; fall general; maximum at Akola 4·18, minimum at Newasa 1·01.

Khasrí sowing nearly completed; prospects good.

Sholapur.—Rain 1.90; total 13·45. Sowing completed; crops good. Cholera, cases 151, deaths 126.

Patara.—Rain 8·41; total 20·50. Crops good.

Kaladgi.—Rain ·51; total ·31. Badami 26.

Belgaum.—Rain 9·69; total 30·03; fall general; maximum at Bidi 8·25, minimum at Gokak ·19. Crops well.

Dharwar.—Rain 2·37; fall general and plentiful for rice crops. Early sowings complete. Fever increasing.

Kanara.—Rain at Karwar 16·69; total 94·07. Crops good.

Rajkot.—Rain 5·80; total 27 63. Weather rainy.

Wadhwan.—Rain 3·84; total 12·63. Cholera, cases 12, deaths 6. Crops progressing well.

Baroda.—Rain 2·29; total 46·32.

General Remarks.—Heavy rain general in Sind, where floods are doing damage to crops. Gujarat prospects excellent, but rain has done some damage in Broach and Surat. Splendid rain in Khandesh, and good throughout Deccan and Southern Maratha districts. Heavy rain in Konkan. Crop prospects generally excellent, but in many places a break in monsoon desirable. Weather in Bombay calmer, cloudy with showers.

THE Burmese Ministers have just been paid their salaries for 1239, Burmese Era. The Mingyees received their shares in large white beans, called pay-gees, and the others in pieces of gold.

WHEN Sir William Denison the former Governor of Madras, was a lad, he was compelled by his parents to walk to church wearing a straw coal scuttle bonnet of one of his sisters as a punishment for losing his own hat. The fact is mentioned by his brother, the Archdeacon, in the "Notes of My Life" just published.

SOME of the officers of the Army Service Corps at Woolwich have recently refused to attend a dinner given in honour of officers who had been promoted from the ranks. These high and mighty individuals have been called to account for their mean act, and serve them right too. Whatever they may think to the contrary, a man who raises himself to a honorable position by hard work and real merit is worth more than one who has jumped into office by pecuniary aid or even by the exertion of influence.—*Sporting Gazette.*

A WYNAAD letter says, "Tigers are prowling about in all directions, moving from estate to estate and committing depredations among cattle, and I have heard of six head being attacked and killed. Where are our Shikaries? Could not a couple make it convenient to come to Wynaad and bag a few of these ferocious creatures? Sambur, jungle fowl, peacocks, &c., are also very numerous now."

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. AND O. CO.'S S. S. TRAVANCORE, Captain W. Barratt, will sail to-day for Aden and Suez with the Europe Mails and the following passengers:—

FOR SOUTHAMPTON.

Mrs Cruikshank & two infants
Major & Mrs Thorold
Dr Duke
Mrs Comerford and two infants.
Mr W Boardman.

FOR BRINDISI.

Dr & Mrs Charles
Mr J B Fuller
Mr J G Charles
Mr W J Galway
Mr Ogilvie
Capt H S Elton
Major Walker, R A.

FOR VENICE.

Capt Cruikshank, R E
Mr Apcar
Capt Lemon.

FOR ADEN.

Lt A J C Nuthall
Mrs Nuthall.

DAMAGES BY A COLLISION IN KUREACHEE HARBOUR.

A CASE, in which five different actions have been consolidated, was commenced before Sir Charles Sargent at the High Court yesterday against the British Steamer Zante, her tackle, apparel, and furniture. The plaintiffs in the case are Nursey Khatao and other native merchants trading between this and Kurrachee. Mr. Pigot and Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Messrs. Fletcher and Smith, appeared for the plaintiffs; and the Advocate General and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs Jefferson and Payne, for the master and owners of the Zante. The action was brought to recover Rs. 2,865 for damages sustained by the plaintiffs by reason of a collision in Kurrachee harbour by which the bugla Sadh was run down and lost.

On the 24th April 1877, the Sadh was run down by the Zante as the latter was entering Kurrachee harbour, and the former, with all its cargo, consisting of grain and other goods, was totally lost. The plaint alleged that the loss was caused by the negligence of the master and crew of the Zante. The plaintiff Trioumdas Lowjee had underwritten several policies of insurance in respect of goods forming part of the cargo, and had thereby become insurer of the goods to the extent of the sums claimed by him. He now claimed the amount as damages recoverable against the master of the Zante.

The defence to the suit is that the Zante was, before and after the time of the collision, in charge of Thomas Ward, a duly licensed pilot, whose employment was compulsory by law upon her master and owners; and was at the time of the collision under the sole charge of Mr. Ward, whose orders in reference to her navigation were promptly obeyed. The collision, if it was occasioned by the Zante or any one on board her, was exclusively occasioned by Mr. Ward. The bugla was in fault, because she had no pilot on board as she ought to have had.

The case is still sub hearing.

A SUIT AGAINST THE FRERE SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

AT the High Court yesterday, Sir Charles Sargent delivered judgment in an action brought by Mahomed Hajee Ally against the Frere Spinning and Weaving Company. Mr. Langhorn and Mr. Inverarity instructed by Messrs. Jefferson and Payne, appeared for the plaintiff; and the Advocate-General and Mr. Starling, instructed by Messrs. Macfarlane and Gilbert, appeared for the company.

His Lordship said the plaintiff sought to recover from the company, which was in course of liquidation, Rs. 1,20,000 for damages by reason of a breach by the company of a contract under which he agreed to build a mill on the company's land. It was admitted that Dhurumsey Poonjabhoy was manager, and secretary, and agent of the company, and that he was authorised by a resolution of the directors to make arrangements for the building, which resolution was afterwards confirmed. The contract was dated 19th October 1874; and was admitted to be in the same terms as the Mazagon Company's contract for a spinning mill. It was suggested that the contract was either signed on the date it bore, or in March, to afford Dhurumsey a defence for having drawn certain cheques. The first of those defences was quite inconsistent with the terms of the contract, &c.; while the second was improbable. His Lordship saw no reason to doubt the statement of Dhurumsey and the plaintiff that the contract was signed in March 1875, or to doubt that it was signed in good faith. By that writing, plaintiff undertook to erect certain buildings as he might be required to erect on certain terms. There was clearly an implied obligation on the part of the company to permit the plaintiff to build the mill: but there was no distinct obligation on their part to build a mill. His Lordship thought the evidence established that when the contract was entered into, it was not definitely settled that plaintiff was to build the mill. The ground was not marked out, no plans had been drawn, and the plaintiff had brought no materials to the ground; neither did he offer any sub-contractors to begin the work. When plaintiff was told to get ready, he confined himself to the clearing of the ground and entered into the contract. There was no definite decision to build at that time. One of the items claimed by the plaintiff was Rs. 64 for levelling the ground and cutting down of trees, but his Lordship thought the plaintiff was entitled to recover that amount. As to the salary of the mehta and the earnest money paid by plaintiff to other contractors, his Lordship remarked that, in his view of the evidence, that the building was not definitely settled on, the plaintiff was not justified in entering into those contracts. His Lordship raised an additional issue, namely whether the company agreed to build the mill; and answered it in the negative. The history of the relations between Dhurumsey Poonjabhoy and Kessowjee Naik and his son Nursey Kessowjee had been needlessly imported into the case in great detail. The costs of the suit had been swollen by the conduct of the defendants in alleging facts which his Lordship gave a decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 64. Plaintiff to pay the defendants' costs up to and including the first day of the hearing, and half the costs of the hearing.

THE EXPEDITION AGAINST THE JOWAKI AFRIDIS.

(Continued from yesterday's "Bombay Gazette.")

No. 128F.F. dated Abbottabad, 8th March, 1878.

From Brigadier-General C. P. KEYES, C.B., Commanding Punjab Frontier Force, to COLONEL S. BLACK, Secretary to the Government of Punjab, Military Dept.

The Jowaki Afridis having tendered their submission to Government in open darbar at Peshawar on the 4th March, 1878, arrangements were immediately made, under instructions personally communicated by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, for the withdrawal of the troops from the Jowaki Valley, and their return to their quarters after four months, and I have now the honor to report the complete evacuation, yesterday, of the Jowaki Valley, and the return to their respective quarters of the troops which have been employed in the recent operations against that tribe.

2. As promised in my letter No. 118 F.F. of 1st February, 1878, I now proceed to give a brief *resume* of those operations, and to bring to notice the Government the names of those officers who, in prominent positions, performed important services and distinguished themselves by their zeal and energy.

3. On the 5th November, 1877, the Paiah Valley was occupied as detailed in my No. 88F.F. of 31st November, and the troops remained in the positions taken up there until the 15th.

4. It appears desirable here to note for future guidance, that, under ordinary circumstances, it would be difficult, if not impossible, for a large force to occupy this valley for any length of time, in consequence of the scarcity of water. It is true that there are wells in the principal villages, but these soon run dry, and moreover are quite inadequate to the number of men; there would be no means of providing for horses or baggage animals. Babri has himself since informed us that the Jowakis themselves are often compelled to go to the Khaiwa for water, and that he fully expected to see us forced to abandon our position from this cause; and he had been comforting himself with the hope of following us up when we retired and inflicting severe loss on our troops. Indeed, as it was, had it not been for the heavy rain which fell on the 12th, we should have been much inconvenienced, as the pools on which our animals were dependent were beginning to fail.

5. Up to this time the enemy appeared in considerable numbers on the hills to the north of our position; and as they would have retreated to the higher ranges if attacked, only to follow us up when we fell back, I considered that it was at that time undesirable to make such a move, as well as necessary to maintain strict precautions, and to maintain strict blockade, and to watch for an opportunity of inflicting loss on the enemy without unnecessarily exposing the troops.

6. My chief anxiety at Paiah was for the safety of our convoys over a long line of road open to ambuscade, every movement along which could be observed from the hills occupied by the enemy within a distance of two miles. It was a marvel to me that they never attempted to annoy us on this road. At first they were deterred by expecting an attack on themselves and were ignorant of our intention; but had we remained much longer at this place, they would have done so, for they had begun, just before we changed ground, to discuss the best way of interrupting our communication.

7. On the 15th November a new position was taken up at Shindeh in front of Jamu, with the object of attacking that place as soon as a favourable opportunity offered. From Shindeh it would have been easy any time to have made an assault on that stronghold; but the enemy would easily have made their escape to the hills beyond, while it was doubtful, then, whether we could have taken a safe position in the valley for occupation, the object we had in view being to compel them to submit that I intended to attack them by the comparatively easy entrance to the valley by Bagh while I searched for a way to get round them and cut off their retreat to the hills.

8. Heavy and long-continued rain put a stop to all active operations, and it was not until the end of November that I satisfied myself that an entrance could be effected at both ends of the valley notwithstanding the difficult nature of the ground, and that there was every reasonable hope that a well-timed movement in three directions would render the retreat of the enemy most difficult, and expose them to heavy loss, if it did not lead to the capture of some at least of their number. This I explained in my D. O. 2nd December, 1877, I had the honor of reporting the manner in which the assault was carried out, and the result of the operations.

9. I would here record my opinion that, in the event of it ever being found necessary to again make a hostile entry into Jamu, it would be desirable to attack it in a somewhat similar manner to that described in these reports, adding, if available, a fourth column to co-operate by the Bazid Khel Kotal.

10. On the 4th December, Jamu was abandoned, the troops falling back on their former position at Shindeh, and on the 7th Ghariba was attacked.

11. I had for some time learnt that Mushki [one of the principal Jowaki leaders] had taken up his residence at Ghariba, and it was my object to capture him and his followers, if possible. The indifference which I had purposely shown towards this place produced the effect that I had wished. I have since ascertained that it was believed that I looked upon it as too insignificant a place to attack, as we had remained at Paiah so long without doing so. The inhabitants were consequently off their guard when the troops entered it on the morning of the 7th. The attack was completely successful, and most of his follows, had left it the evening before. My report No. 72 F.F. of the 9th December, 1877, details the manner in which Ghariba was surrounded, and the result of the operations.

12. On the 31st December the Dargai heights were occupied as reported in my No. 9G. of 5th January, 1878.

13. The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor having desired me to place on record my opinion of the best mode of assaulting these heights, I would here remark that it was believed that I looked upon it as too insignificant a place to attack, as we had remained at Paiah so long without doing so. The inhabitants were consequently off their guard when the troops entered it on the morning of the 7th. The attack was completely successful, and most of his follows, had left it the evening before. My report No. 72 F.F. of the 9th December, 1877, details the manner in which Ghariba was surrounded, and the result of the operations.

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13. The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor having desired me to place on record my opinion of the best mode of assaulting these heights, I would here remark that it is my opinion, it would not be desirable to attempt to force them in face of any serious opposition. They can be ascended from different spurs, any one of which could be rendered almost impregnable by a few determined men, and I cannot conceive any circumstance arising that would justify such a risk. If it be ever again necessary to overrun the Jowaki lands, or to proceed through them to Torchappar, or other Galli Afridi villages, the proper route would be by Mana Dergah. Troops moving by that line would enable columns from the Kohat and Peshawur sides to co-operate with effect.

14. On the 15th January, 1878, the Dargai heights were again occupied, the troops returning to Torsi and Shindeh through the Nara defile on 29th January, 1878, as reported in my No. 118F. F. of 1st February, 1878.

15. It appears desirable to note for future reference that, had it not been for the unusual and abundant rain which during our occupation of the valley, it would have been impossible to have maintained our position at Shindeh for more than a few days. At Turki only could a sufficient supply of water be depended on for a large body of troops.

16. I now desire to bring to the notice of Government the admirable conduct of the troops throughout these operations. At Peiah, the men not actually on duty had tolerably fair shelter; but immediately after we had taken up new positions at Shindeh and Turki they were exposed to thirty-six hours' rain with scarcely any shelter, and again not many days afterwards seventy hours' almost continuous rain under similar circumstances. They were without any change of clothes for nearly a month; night duty was exceptionally heavy in consequence of the extended nature of our position, yet the spirits of the men never flagged; their cheerfulness and endurance under the hardships occasioned by the unseasonable and unusually heavy rain was beyond all praise.

17. My hearty thanks and acknowledgments are due to all the officers for their assistance and for the excellent example which they showed to the men by their own bearing throughout these prolonged operations.

18. My special thanks are due to the following officers:—

Colonel D. Macaita, Commandant, 3rd Sikh Infantry. This officer had much labour and anxiety in command of the Kohat district before active operations commenced. He commanded a column on each occasion in which the troops were engaged, as mentioned in my several despatches at the time, and he has afforded me great assistance at all times; and much credit is due to him for the able manner in which he carried out every duty entrusted to him.

Major G. N. Money, 2nd in command, 3rd Sikh Infantry, who joined his regiment from furlough just before the attack on Jamu, and commanded it with much spirit on that occasion. Subsequently he rendered valuable service by establishing heliographic communication between different posts, the apparatus for which he had purchased and brought from England at his own expense.

The command of the

GRIFFITH'S NEW ZINC WHITE PAINT,

Covers 100 per cent. more than Oxide Zinc.
Covers 25 per cent. more than White Lead.

It retains its Whiteness under all conditions.
A Red Heat will not destroy it.
Will never Blister.
Is Non-poisonous—Has no Smell.
Has no Chemical Action upon Metals.

This Patent Zinc White, or substitute for Lead, received the highest possible praise at the Meeting of "Society of Arts and Manufactures," London, and "Social Science Congress."

So great has been the demand for it since its introduction, that the proprietors, who were producing about 25 tons PER WEEK in Liverpool, have been compelled to purchase Extensive Works in London, where they can manufacture about 80 tons extra PER WEEK, they have also had to secure sufficient room to increase the production to 200 tons weekly, making them the largest producers of White Pigment in Europe.

WHITE LEAD possesses only one good property, viz., "covering power," it is poisonous, soon loses its capacity, and turns yellow with Sewer and other Gases, and prejudicially affects Iron and other metals.

OXIDE ZINC has scarcely half the covering power of lead, but it is whiter and retains its colour.

GRIFFITH'S PATENT ZINC WHITE has all the *good* properties of both the above without any of their drawbacks, viz., it has far more body than Lead, has double that of Oxide Zinc, has the same whiteness, will never change colour even in sulphuretted hydrogen (which destroys Lead) and does not lose its opacity by age. It is calcined at a red heat in its manufacture, hence is almost indestructible, and, of course, will stand any variation of climate. Its durability is such that it is admirably adapted for protecting Iron, Wooden or Cement Structures; in any exposed situations, from the effects of the weather.

PROFESSOR PHIPSON says—"It is one of the most ingenious and useful discoveries of modern times."

GRIFFITH'S PATENT NEW-ZINC WHITE is at present used by the English and other Governments as well as large private firms.

GRIFFITHS, FLETCHER & BERDOE will be most happy to forward test samples also full reports from the highest scientific authorities in the kingdom, gratis, to any one applying direct to them, or to any Agents of the "Silicate Paint Company" who have undertaken the sale of this article. We annex curtailed reports from—

PROFESSOR BARFF, M.A., Lecturer on Paint and Colours to Society of Arts, Chemist to Royal Academy, &c.

JOHNSON & SONS, Assayers to Bank of England, H. M. Mint, Council of India, &c.

PROFESSOR LUTSCHAUNIG, Liverpool Assay Office.

DR. PHIPSON, Fellow of Chemical Societies of London, Paris and Antwerp; and of Royal Society of Natural Sciences, Brussels.

T. A. BRITTON, Surveyor to Metropolitan Board of Works.

C. H. TOZER, and other Practical Men in the trade.

From PROFESSOR BARFF, M. A., Professor of Chemistry to Royal Academy and Catholic University; Lecturer on Paints and Colours to Society of Arts.

The LABORATORY, Catholic University College, Kensington.
8th Dec. 1875.

Having examined the NEW WHITE ZINC PIGMENT, I beg to state that, so far as I know, the substance has never before been used as a Pigment, and my experience of these matters extends over twenty-five years. From my constant practice in examining Pigments as Professor of the Chemistry of Pigments, &c., at the Royal Academy of Arts), I am enabled to state that this new ZINC WHITE has great body, (i. e.) covers well, and can be worked easily, it seems to me in these respects to equal the best White Lead Paint. It is a very pure white, and absolutely resists the action of foul air which contains Sulphuretted Hydrogen. It will resist high temperature without its whiteness being destroyed in any way (by high temperature, I mean those FAR ABOVE anything to which it can be exposed in any use to which it can be applied as a Paint). If it be applied with inorganic substances, a red heat will not permanently alter its appearance.

As a Paint it is superior to White Lead, for two great reasons, —First, it will not change tint in water closets, or near drains or in foul air; second, it will always retain its opacity, which White Lead will not. I need hardly mention that Painters using it will not be liable to suffer from Lead Poisoning.

In Manufacture it is SIMPLE, EXPEDITIOUS and INEXPENSIVE. As being interested in Art, I feel that the invention is one which will supply a want which has long been felt, and therefore I shall do all in my power to advance its interests.

(Signed) FREDERICK T. BARFF, M.A.,
Christ's College, Cambridge.

From Messrs. JOHNSON & SONS, Assayers to Bank of England, Her Majesty's Royal Mint, Council of India &c., &c.

Certificate.] Assay Office, London, 20th December, 1875.

Comparative examination of sample of the new Pigment with dry White Lead.

HEAT sufficient to change the White Lead into the Yellow Protoxide has no effect on the colour of the compound. It is also much less soluble in diluted acids.

We are therefore of opinion that this colour would be much more stable than that of White Lead.

(Signed) JOHNSON & SONS, Assayers.

The LIVERPOOL ASSAY OFFICE, 64, Cable Street, Liverpool, 29th November, 1875.

Dear Sir,—We have tested the New Patent ZINC WHITE you sent us, and have carefully compared it with the ordinary Commercial White Lead.

We find it very superior in many respects.

The body is dense and opaque, and consequently the Paint covers a larger surface than would an equal bulk of White Lead. In this respect it differs greatly from the Zinc Oxide, which, though of a very pleasing white colour, has little body.

Sulphuretted Hydrogen Gas, which is the most common impurity in the atmosphere of large towns, has no effect at all upon it, for we have exposed a surface covered with it, side by side with one covered with White Lead to a powerful development of Sulphuretted Hydrogen Gas in a vessel, and find that whereas Lead turns black at once, your ZINC WHITE remains unaltered.

The ordinary lighting Gas and its foul products of combustion do not affect it either, nor do weak acids, which readily attack Lead.

Heat does not cause it to blister, as this Pigment has the property of adhering to the surface on which it is laid with great tenacity. A temperature above the boiling point of water, leaves it unaltered; and even when the Oil is decomposed at a higher temperature, it clings to the surface and looks well, whilst Lead Paints soon perish and blacken.

Towards Iron, unlike the Lead Compounds, it behaves in an absolutely neutral manner. For the Indian Market it ought to be invaluable, and there is no doubt that it will supersede entirely the White Lead.

We will say in conclusion that your Patent ZINC WHITE combines the good properties of the White Lead and the Zinc Oxide, without any of their shortcomings.

We remain, yours truly,
LUTSCHAUNIG & Co.

Report of Dr. T. L. PHIPSON, Fellow of the Chemical Societies of London, Paris, and ANTWERP, and of the Royal Society of Medical and Natural Sciences of Brussels, &c.

LABORATORY OF ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, 4, The Cedars, Putney, S. W. London, 12th May, 1877.

I have submitted your Patent ZINC WHITE to a careful analysis, and to every possible variety of test, in comparison with White Lead, and I have no hesitation whatever in stating that IT SUPERSEDES THE BEST WHITE LEAD in the following particulars:—

It has MORE BODY and his decidedly WHITER; it is NOT AFFECTED BY WEAK ACIDS, as White Lead is; IT REMAINS WHITE AFTER HEATING, which White Lead does not; IT DOES NOT DARKEN in colour by emanations of sulphuretted hydrogen or sewer gases which White Lead does; IT MIXES WITH OIL AS WELL AS PIGMENTS with the greatest ease; finally, IT WILL NOT ACT AS A POISON, as White Lead does, to the workmen engaged in the manufacture or use of it, and it is MUCH MORE ECONOMICAL.

In presence of these results, I can emphatically recommend your ZINC WHITE as one of the most ingenious and useful discoveries of modern times.

(Sd.) T.L. PHIPSON, Ph.D., F.C.S., &c.,
Formerly of the University of Brussels, Analytical and Consulting Chemist.

The LABORATORY, Catholic University College, Kensington, July 2nd, 1877.

I have again examined Griffith's Patent ZINC WHITE PIGMENT. For the last three months samples of that Pigment have been sent to me from time to time, and I have noticed a considerable improvement in them. With my own hands I have laid on the colour, and find it works smoothly and well: in this respect it equals any White Lead I have ever used. I have not the slightest hesitation, as having been for many years practically acquainted with the laying on of Pigments in all branches, in saying that Griffith's ZINC WHITE, samples of which I have used, is in every respect equal to the best White Lead as to MANIPULATION. Now as to durability, from the experience which I have had of ZINC WHITE Pigments there is reason to them, or in Griffith's ZINC WHITE to decay, or suffer deterioration.

(Sd.) FRED. BARFF, M.A., Christ's College, Cambridge.

LIVERPOOL ASSAY OFFICE, 31st May, 1877.

Since last reporting on your PIGMENT, in 1875, I have again had occasion to witness the manufacture of your article at the Works, where it is now made on a large scale. The tests I have made of samples from bulk not only bear out my previous report and confirm it in every particular, but I may add that, on further investigation, the results are quite beyond my expectations.

The property of covering a large surface, or the so-called "body" of the pigment is remarkable when compared with White Lead. In one experiment I tried, I found half-pound of the New White could be spread out, when mixed with two OUNCES of Linseed Oil and one OUNCE of Turpentine over an acre of eighty-one square feet; whereas the sample of White Lead, mixed with same quantities of liquid and same weight, only covered thirty-eight and three-quarters square feet.

I quite agree with Professor Barff that the time must come when the miserable prejudices of consumers will be overcome.

(Signed) ALFRED LUTSCHAUNIG.

From JOHN H. & SAMUEL JOHNSON, Wholesale Druggists Manufacturing Chemists, Oil and Paint Merchants, Liverpool, November 1875.

Your Patent ZINC WHITES will prove a great acquisition to the Trade. What has long been wanted is a kind of ZINC WHITE that has the body of Lead which yours has, and does not tarnish as Lead does.

North Brixton, London, 6th September, 1875.

Sir,—I have tried your Patent ZINC WHITE Ground, and must say it is the best thing that has been brought under my notice; and as a practical Decorator, must say you have got the right thing, viz., a new white that is not a lead, and yet has all the covering qualities of the same; it is also much whiter, and from the fact of it being a Zinc, know it will not tarnish.

White Zinc Paint would have superseded White Lead years ago, if it could have been obtained with a body, especially as it is non-poisonous.

If you can put your Paint into the Market, at the same price (or less) than White Lead, should say you have discovered a gold mine.

Yours truly,
(Signed) CHARLES H. TOZER.

From Mr. THOMAS ALLEN BRITTON, late Surveyor to the Metropolitan Board of Works, London.

Limes Grove, Lewisham, Kent, 20th December, 1875.

Having examined the new ZINC WHITE, I beg to state that it is superior to any other similar substance I have hitherto met with. There is no doubt that it is—1st, a pure white; 2nd, that it retains its opacity; 3rd, that its colour is not affected by foul air; 4th, that it has a good body; 5th, that it is cheaper than ordinary White Lead, and quite equal to it.

(Signed) THOMAS ALLEN BRITTON, late Surveyor to the Metropolitan Board of Works.

Claughton Firs, Oxton, November 27th, 1875.

I find your Patent ZINC WHITE to have all the properties of Zinc Oxide with the covering or body of Lead, and this is what the Trade has been long looking for, and this I find in your Patent.

I am sure it will be eagerly sought after by the Trade if it can be manufactured at the price of White Lead.

It does not appear to blister even when the Oil is decomposed at a higher temperature, it clings to the surface and looks well, whilst Lead Paints soon perish and blacken.

Towards Iron, unlike the Lead Compounds, it behaves in an absolutely neutral manner. For the Indian Market it ought to be invaluable, and there is no doubt that it will supersede entirely the White Lead.

We will say in conclusion that your Patent ZINC WHITE combines the good properties of the White Lead and the Zinc Oxide, without any of their shortcomings.

We remain, yours truly,
LUTSCHAUNIG & Co.

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Formerly of the University of Brussels, Analytical and Consulting Chemist.

The LABORATORY, Catholic University College, Kensington, July 2nd, 1877.

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(Sd.) FRED. BARFF, M.A., Christ's College, Cambridge.

54, Crawshay Road, London, N. W., 30th November, 1875.

Dear Sir,—Respecting the ZINC WHITE, made by a new process, I must say that I am very much pleased with it. It is indeed a beautiful white, far surpassing White Lead in color, and has quite as good covering properties, if not rather better.

Zinc White, under the old principle, would not cover, which condemns it. It can be mixed with various pigments that White Lead always destroys. I can say for white work and delicate tints it is invaluable.

Yours truly,
G. W. BREWER, Decorator, &c.

437, Brixton Road, London, S. W., 1st December, 1875.

Gold Medal, International Exhibition, 1851. Gold Medal International Exhibition, South Kensington, 1862.

Dear Sir,—Your Patent Zinc White has a capital body, and possessing a Pearly Whiteness is admirably adapted for decorative purposes.

Yours truly,
WILLIAM READ, Decorator.

Vauxhall Road, Liverpool, 4th December, 1875.

Dear Sir,—Your ZINC WHITE is the best article of the kind I have ever used; its covering properties are equal to the best White Lead, and far exceeds it in whiteness.

I have tried it on Iron and Wood, and find it answer admirably.

Yours faithfully,
PHILIP COOMBES, Painter, Plumber, &

For full particulars apply to the Manufacturers,

GRIFFITHS, FLETCHER & BERDOE,

Seel Street, Liverpool, and 107, Cannon Street, London.

Or any Agents of the Silicate Paint Company.

F. HARLEY & Co., CALCUTTA. W. NICOL & Co., BOMBAY.

Testing Samples forwarded free on application.

IMPORTANT
TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM WEAK OR DEFECTIVE SIGHT.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & CO.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, OPTICIANS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA,

HAVE always on hand, a COMPLETE STOCK, the LARGEST IN BOMBAY, of

BEST PEBBLE SPECTACLES & EYE-GLASSES,

Of finest London Manufacture, highly polished and finished, and perfect as regards fit and comfort.

PEBBLE SPECTACLES, in stout Gold Frames, Rs. 35, 40, and 50.
PEBBLE SPECTACLES, in thin Gold Wire Frames, "Hooks," Rs. 25 and 30.
PEBBLE DOUBLE EYE-GLASSES, "Folders," in Gold Frames, Rs. 35.
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PEBBLE DOUBLE EYE-GLASSES, in Silver Gilt Frames, Rs. 15 to 20.
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SINGLE PEBBLE EYE GLASSES, Rs. 5 to 6.
SINGLE EYE-GLASSES, best glass, Rs. 2.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of SMOKED GLASS and BLUE TINTED EYE PRESERVERS, in Gold, Silver and Steel Frames, Rs. 30, 15, and 5 respectively.

NEW SELF REGISTERING and ORDINARY FIELD and MARINE GLASSES, TELESCOPES, MAGNIFYING GLASSES, &c., &c., prices varying according to quality

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No. 10, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
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STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY
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Messrs. BOURNE and SHEPHERD's collection of Photographs of Indian Scenery is the LARGEST and BEST existing.

These Photographs represent Scenes in Cashmere, N. W. Provinces, the principal Hill Sanitaria, the snowy ranges of the Himalayas, Neilgherries, Southern India, Ceylon, Calcutta, Bombay Presidency, Rajpootana and Burmah.

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A handsomely-bound Album containing 30 large Views of Architectural Remains, and beautiful Scenery in Rajpootana, with copious Letter-press Description by J. Burgess, Esq., F.R.G.S., M.R.A.S. Price per copy—Rs. 100.

N.B.—The above volume would be very suitable for Presentation to Friends at Home.

COLOURING.

Portraits painted in Oil or Water Colour, from the smallest Miniature up to the size of Life.

"CARTES" of European and Anglo-Indian Celebrities, Native Chiefs and Native Characters, Frames, Cases and Albums in great variety always in stock.

August 1st, 1875. 10, Rampart Row.

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MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK MERCER, AND LADIES' OUT-FITTER
CONSTANT SUPPLIES OF MILLINERY, &c., RECEIVED "OVERLAND."

A large STOCK of GOODS always on hand to select from.

ESTIMATES FOR MAKING UP DRESSES, &c., ON APPLICATION.

WEDDING and MOURNING Orders carefully and promptly attended to.

Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."
Do. Do. for "MOURNING."

Price Lists on application.

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No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
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FELT HATS AND HELMETS.

THORPE & Co. have just OPENED a LARGE SHIPMENT for the present Season.

FELT HATS.	Rs.	a.
The Duke, New low Round Crown	7	0
Ditto ditto Extra Quality	8	0
Black Felt, medium height, Square Crown	8	0
Ditto ditto Round Crown	8	0
Soft Black Felt, Round Crown	8	0
Brown Felt, Fashionable Round Crown	8	0
Drab Felt, ditto ditto	8	0
Soft Crown, Black and Drab	7	8
Drab Soft High Crown	8	0
Black and Drab Soft Travelling Hats	8	0
Tweed Travelling Hats, in great variety, 2-8 to	5	8
Drab Shell Hats	10	0
Black Silk Dress	13	8

HELMETS.	Rs.	a.
Hawk's Regulation, best quality, covered white Doe	20	0
The New Spike for Infantry	7	0
Spike and Plate for Staff and Cavalry	10	0
Gilt Chin Chains	6	0
Ellwood's Helmets, White	13	0
Ellwood's White Hunting Helmets	13	0
Ellwood's Shikar Hat, covered Flax	13	0
Ellwood's Patent Air-Chamber Felt Helmets, a sure protection against sunstroke	18	0
Christy's Drab Felt Helmets	10	0
Light Drab Felt Helmets for Lady or Gentleman	10	0
Light Helmets with extra Band	10	0
Drab Felt Milton Hats	6-8 to	8 0

LESS 10 PER CENT FOR CASH.

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JEWELLERS IN ORDINARY TO HIS EXCELLENCY
SIR RICHARD TEMPLE, K.C.S.I., GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

THE "EVERLASTING" THIMBLE, of Solid Silver, Gilt, and with Gem top

As approved by Her Imperial Highness the Crown Princess of Prussia.

Smelling Bottles and Vinaigrettes. Sleeve Links and Solitaires.

This is a great novelty—very pretty, very useful, and an inexpensive gift. The peculiarity of the Thimble is that the whole of its top is formed of a single gem, the hardness of which completely resist the wear of the needle.

All useful sizes are in stock, and a choice may be made from the following stones: *Amethyst, Green Chalcedonyx, Red Agates, Onyxes.* Each Thimble complete in Morocco Case. Rs 5 each, free by Post.

Field and Opera Glasses. Studs and Buttons.

The New Gold Flexible Band Necklet.

The most fashionable now worn, with Spring Loop.
A large variety constantly in Stock. Price from Rs. 50 to 200.
A very nice Chain, sufficiently thick and massive to suit most tastes, can be bought for Rs. 90 to Rs. 125.

Signet and Gem Rings. **Scarf Pins and Rings.**

Bombay, 2nd August 1878. Rampart Row.

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HAVE received a fresh consignment of the following, all of the best Manufacture:—

WATERPROOF DRAB FINE INVERNESS CAPES.

Length	46	48	50	Inches.
	Rs. 18-8	19-8	21-8	each.

Leggings per pair 4-8; Caps 3-8 each.

WATERPROOF FINE DRAB COATS.

Length	46	48	50	54	58	Inches.
	Rs. 14-8	15-8	16-8	19-8	21-8	each.

Leggings per pair 4-8; Caps 3-8 each.

EXTRA SUPERIOR DRAB WATERPROOF COATS; the Waterproofing between two substances, and therefore impossible to stick.

Length	46	48	50	54	58	Inches.
	Rs. 27-0	28-8	29-8	32-8	35-0	each.

Caps of Material as above, Rs. 5-8 each.

WATERPROOF DOGCART APRONS, STOUT FAWN TWILL, LINED CHECK.
Rs. 15-8 each.

WATERPROOF STOUT FAWN TWILL GROUND SHEETS, with eyelets, 9 feet by 5.
Rs. 23 each

STOUT FAWN WATERPROOF SHEETING.
60 in. wide, Rs. 6 8 per yard.

REAL CORK MATTRESSES WATERPROOF.
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BEST BLACK AMERICAN CLOTH.
Rs. 1-12 per yard.

LADIES' WATERPROOF TWEED CLOAKS.

India Rubber Waterproof Napoleon Long Boots, suitable for Contractors, or those exposed to heavy Monsoon Weather, to wear over Boots.
Sizes from 7 to 10.
Rs. 27 per pair.

Less Ten per Cent Discount for Cash.

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" M. LUNSDEI and Co., Mhow.
" BOMANJEE RUTTONJEE BON, Mooltan.
" KURSETJEE DOSABHOY, Deolalee.
" MANECKJEE MUNCHERJEE, Ahmedabad.
" CAWASJEE MUNCHERJEE, Ahmedabad.
" FRAMJEE PESTONJEE, Surat.

PRIZE MEDAL, BOMBAY EXHIBITION, 1873.

See Tuesday's paper for List of Clarets, &c.

* STILL HOCKS.	Duty and Town Dues paid. Per doz. Quarts. Rs. as.	Per doz. Pints. Rs. as.
ERBACH ..... own ...	23 0	..
RHENISH ..... " ...	18 0	10 0
RODENTHAL ..... " ...	20 0	11 0
NIKRSTEIN ..... " ...	21 0	13 0
DEIDESHEIM, No. 1 ..... " ...	24 0	13 0
RUDESHEIMER ..... " ...	28 0	..
GRUNHAUSEN ..... " ...	28 0	..
HOCKHEIMER ..... " ...	38 0	20 0
JOHANNISBERGER ..... " ...	18 0	10 0
DEIDESHEIM, No. 2 ..... " ...	36 0	..
LIEBFRAUMILCH ..... " ...	23 0	..
STEINWEIN ..... " ...		..

* SPARKLING HOCKS.		
HOCHHEIMER ..... own ...	28 8	16 12
RUDESHEIMER ..... " ...	33 8	18 12
RAUENTHALER ..... " ...	36 8	20 12
JOHANNISBERGER ..... " ...	39 8	21 12

* MARSALA.		
VIRGIN MARSALA, Ingham's ..... own ...	18 0	..
SACRAMENTAL WINE, "Rota Tent" ..... " ...	23 8	...

ALE AND STOUT.

BASS'S BEER. (own)	5 8	3 8
GUINNESS' X-X STOUT by E. & J. Burke, &c.	5 12	3 12

BRANDIES.	Duty and Town Dues paid. Per doz. Quart. Rs. as.	Per doz. Pints. Rs. as.
FINE CHAMPAGNE COGNAC (our own) recommended	28 0	..
OUR OWN one Star, in great demand	24 0	..
Do. do. Glass Barrels	28 0	..
Do. do. half Barrels	15 0	..
Do. two Stars, in great demand	26 0	..
Do. three Stars, in great demand	28 0	..
Do. very old	40 0	..
MARTELL'S one Star	28 0	..
Do. three Stars	32 0	..
L. FURLAUD'S one Star	24 0	..
Do. two Stars	26 0	..
Do. three Stars	28 0	..
Do. V. O. S. recommended	35 0	..
ROUYER, GUILLET'S	26 0	..
Do. Flasks	16 8	..
Do. half Flasks	9 0	..
Do. ++	29 0	..
Do. +++	32 0	..
TRICOCHE & Co.'s One Star	24 0	..
Do. Glass Barrels	26 0	..
Do. " half Barrels	14 0	..
Do. two Stars	26 0	..
Do. three Stars	28 0	..
Do. Flasks	14 0	..
Do. half Flasks	8 0	..

DISCOUNT:—Orders *accompanied by cash* for Wines and Spirits marked with an asterisk (*) will carry a discount of 5 per cent. The other quotations are nett cash.

The above Wines, &c., can also be obtained at "Temple Bar," Rampart Row.

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RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Gentlemen homeward bound to their stock of useful articles for the journey, a few of which they enumerate below.

PRICE LIST.

		Cash Rs.	a.	Credit. Rs.	a.
Blue Serge or India Tweed Suits for General Wear during the Voyage		30	0	34	0
Sleeping Suits and for Early Morning Deck Wear	From	10	0	11	8
	To	18	0	21	0
Long Cloth Shirts, Very Strong	Six	22	8	25	0
Do. do. Linen Fronts &c.	"	28	0	31	0
Do. do. Collars on	"	31	0	34	0
Oxford Cloth (the genuine) do.	"	36	0	40	0
Coloured French Cambric, Collars on	"	30	0	33	0
Best Wool Flannel Shirts	Each	9	0	10	0
Do. Silk and Wool do.	"	9	0	10	0
Warm Knit Jackets		10	8	12	0
Do. Mufflers		2	0	2	8
Canvas Bags for Soiled Linen		5	12	6	8
Deck Chairs, all kinds and all Prices					
English Feather and Horsehair Pillows	Each	7	8	8	8
India Cotton Do.	"	2	8	2	12
Courier Bags, Leather and Canvas	From	9	8	11	0
Canvas Shoes (Superior)	Per pair	7	8	9	0
Sponges and Sponge Bags, all prices	From	3	0	3	8
Leather Purses and Sovereign Boxes		3	0	4	0
Marine Soap, a luxury in a Sea Bath	Per Box	1	4	1	12

Eau de Cologne, Perfumes, Combs, Tooth Brushes, Hair and Nail Brushes, Rug Straps, Travelling Caps, and every requisite for a long journey.

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LONDON STREET LAMP for matches, two Street Posts for lights, and racks for cigars running round from the posts, all on a small tray ..... Cash Rs. 50.

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A SMALL TRAY, the model of a London Shoe-black forming the handle, Pepper box and Mustard Pots, Two London street Posts, the Shoe-black box for holding Salt, and the Cayenne is contained in a small representation of the top of a London Coal shoot; with model of a blacking brush for the handle of lid ..... Cash Rs. 55.

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One pair Game Carving Knife and Fork and one pair 10 inch Carving Knife and Fork with Ivory handles, solid silver ferules and tops of knives and forks mounted with solid silver, in velvet lined Morocco case ..... The set complete Rs. 70.
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Dessert Forks ..... "	20	0	30	0	27	0
Table Spoons ..... "	26	0	40	0	36	0
Dessert Spoons ..... "	20	0	30	0	27	0
Dessert Forks ..... "	16	0	20	0	17	0
Tea Spoons ..... "	14	0	20	0	17	0
Egg Spoons, gilt bowls ..... "	14	0	20	0	17	0
Mustard Spoons, gilt bowls ..... "	14	0	18	0	16	0
Salt Spoons, gilt bowls ..... each	2	8	5	0	4	8
Sugar Tongs ..... "